2 MAY 1949

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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NO. 103

BOMBAY: MONDAY, MAY 2, 1949

Price: 2 ANNAS

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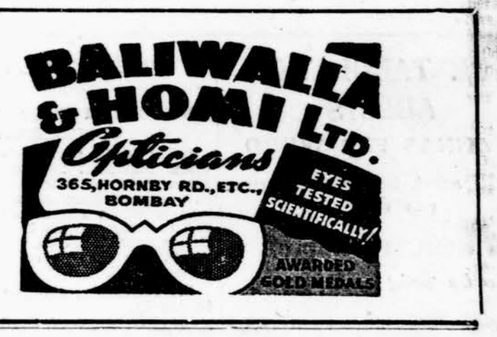


Pakistani Troops Being Reinforced Daily Along Cease-Fire Line

CIVIL ADMINISTRATOR'S REVELATION

Forced Levy Of Adult Tax On Kashmir Border Villages

SRINAGAR, May 1. (A. P. I.): Maulvi Nazir Ahmad Mahoobi, Civil Administrator of Karnak area, north of Tithwal in Kashmir, who arrived here recently, said that Pakistan troops were daily "being reinforced along the cease-fire line in that area".

ARMS SUPPLIED TO LOCAL RESIDENTS

"PAKISTAN TROOPS", HE ADDED, "ARE ALSO DISTRIBUTING ARMS TO LOCAL RESIDENTS THERE, BESIDES CARRYING ON VIGOROUS ANTI-INDIAN PROPAGANDA. THE PEOPLE OF KARNAK ARE GREATLY PERTURBED OVER INFILTRATION OF PAKISTAN TROOPS WHO ARE LEVYING THERE AN ADULT TAX AT THE RATE OF FOUR ANNAS AN ADULT FROM THE VILLAGERS."

Moulvi Mahoobi said that unauthorised persons from across the border were felling trees and floating them down the Kishenganga river to be carried to Pakistan.

"TIMES" HITS AT SMUTS

Welcomes Malan's View On India In Commonwealth

LONDON, April 30. (PTI-Reuter): himself an old Republican and strong nationalist, in which he spoke of the "special ties" which bind the members of the Commonwealth and declared unequivocally that "so long as there is no infringement of her rights—even her right to become a Republic—South Africa has no intention of leaving the Commonwealth".

"There is a new and welcome emphasis in his words", the paper declared.

The "Times" then discussed the role of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, the Prime Minister of India, in arriving at the agreement.

"In congratudating Mr. Nehru it would be wrong to ignore the parts played by the Governments of Pakistan and Ceylon, who have shown at least the same wsdom and generosity", the "Times" added.

The London "Times" today referred to the attitude of Gen. Jan Smuts, the former Prime Minister of South Africa, to the declaration of India's continued membership of the Commonwealth as a "sad exception".

The paper, on the other hand, welcomed the broadcast by Dr. Malan,

Sir H. P. Mody Sworn In

"HOPE TO BE OF SERVICE TO PROVINCE"

LUCKNOW, May 1 (API): Sir H. P. Mody was sworn in as Governor of the United Provinces at the Government House tonight in the present a distinguished gathering comprising of Pandit G. B. Pant the U. P. Premier, Cabinet Ministers judges and high Government Officials, by Chief Justice B. B. Malik, of the Allahabad High Court.

After the swearing-in-ceremony, the Governor and Lady Mody met the guests at a reception, held on the lawns of the Government House.

Sir Homi Mody said in an interview to the Associated Press of India: "I have come to this Province in the hope that I may be of some service to it. I am following a great and gifted lady and that makes it all the more difficult. But I hope the province will extend to me the same regard and confidence which it so abundantly showered on her".

RECEPTION AT STATION

Sir H. P. Mody, Governor-Designate of the United Provinces, accompanied by Lady Mody and Mrs. Shrin R. Mody his daughter-in-law, arrived here from Bombay tonight.

He was accorded a warm reception at the railway station by a distinguished gathering which included the Premier, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Ministers and other high officials. A number of members of the Parsi community were at the platform to welcome the Governor-Designate.

Pandit Pant garlanded the Governor-Designate as he alighted from the train and introduced to him Ministers and officials of the U.P. Government.

MAYOR OPENS PRE-FABS AT WADALA

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Mayor of Bombay performed the opening ceremony of two small pre-fabricated houses near the Municipal Pumping Station, Wadala, Bombay, on Sunday.

These pre-cast folding houses are constructed by the Economic Housing Company for the Bombay Municipality as an experiment at a nominal cost. The Mayor, who inspected the structures, observed that if these experimental houses stood well under local weather and climatic conditions, he would move the Corporation to undertake a more extensive pre-fabricated housing scheme to ease the serious housing situation in the city

NEWS CENSORSHIP IN SHANGHAI

SHANGHAI, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): Shanghai garrison authorities today extended news censorship to cover cables and mailed items sent by correspondents of foreign news agencies, as troops took up positions in several of the city's largest buildings to strengthen internal defences and prevent riot.ng.

TWO REFUGEES DROWNED

KANPUR, May 1 (API): Two members of a Sindhi refugee family drowned today in the Ganga while bathing at Sarsaiyya Ghat.

PUBLIC UTILITY SCHEMES

Bombay Government To Consider Conscription Of Youths

SURAT, April 30, (A.P.I.): Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay, said here today that Government would consider the question of conscription of youth and students for working public utility schemes, after two or three years, when the "necessary atmosphere" is created.

Mr Desai was addressing a students meeting. Replying to a student, whether it was not possible to use students as in Yugoslavia, where they helped to build a railway, Mr. Desai said if students came forward voluntarily, Government could provide any amount of work.

Mr. Desai said that the aim of the Congress Governments and Russia were the same in the ultimate, though the means differed.

Mr. Desai advised students not to "dabble in politics".

KHER ANNOUNCES BARODA MERGER TO CITIZENS

Jivraj Mehta Pays Tribute To Gaekwar's Supreme Act Of Self- Sacrifice

BARODA, May 1 (API): Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, made a formal announcement of the change over of administration of Baroda territory to the Government of Bombay at a public meeting held here this evening.

He also introduced to the public Mr. V. T. Dehejia, Special Commissioner and Dr. Jivraj Mehta, in his new capacity as Adviser on Baroda Affairs to the Government of India and the Government of Bombay.

Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser, and Mr. N. M. Buch, Secretary, States Ministry, Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay, Ministers of the former Baroda Cabinet and many other prominent citizens attended the meeting. Messages to the Baroda public from Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India, and the Maharaja of Baroda on the occasion of the merger were read out at the meeting.

MAHARAJA'S SUPREME ACT OF SELF-SACRIFICE EXTOLLED

Addressing the public meeting, Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Adviser to the Government of India and the Government of Bombay on Baroda Affairs, paid tributes to the "supreme act of self--sacrifice of the Maharaja".

"Merger does not always connote extinction; it also means, as it definitely does in our case, a rejuvenation" said Dr. Mehta. Referring "to a few people" who opposed the merger on "sentimental grounds", Dr. Mehta advised them to get over their "parochial outlook".

Several local leaders addressed the meeting welcoming the merger.

Earlier in the evening, Mr. B. G. Kher was the chief guest of a gardenparty at which over 300 guests were present.

Mr. Kher also attended a concert organised by the Gujerat Congress Seva Dal (Cultural Squad) with a view to reviving to folk dance representative Gujerati and Kathiawar culture.

(See Page 8)

WORKERS CELEBRATE MAY DAY IN CITY

Leaders Call To Government To Improve Lot Of Labour

BOMBAY, Sunday

Meetings, flags salutations and processions marked the observance of May Day in the city.

Meetings were held in nine different centres under the auspices of the Communist Party of India, where the Red Flag was unfurled and the pledge to alleviate the lot of the working class was renewed. In the afternoon processions of Communists and their supporters converged at Nare Park, where a mass rally was held.

RELEASE COMMUNISTS

Resolutions demanding the release of Communist detenus, and implementation of measures to improve the living standard of the workers were passed.

Under the auspices of the Socialist Party meetings and flag salutations were held at twelve different centres. The meetings terminated in processions which merged into a central rally held at the Kamgar Maidan, where Socialist leaders spoke. The gathering included representatives of 34 institutions.

Mr. Ashoka Mehta, addressing the gathering at Kamgar Maidan stated that the result of the recent bye-election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly indicated the trend of working class thought. The election of Mr Purshottam Tricumdas was a verdict against the Congress in whom the working class had lost faith.

SOCIALIST ATTACK CONGRESS

The Congress Government, Mr. Mehta alleged, had catered to the needs of the capitalist. Therefore the workers had voted for the Socialist. The way in which the workers reacted shows that they could capture power and establish a Socialist Raj. It proved, Mr. Mehta continued, that Bombay is not of the Sardars, but of the Kamgars.

With regard to the Indian National Trade Union Congress, the speaker stated that that organisation was a "capitalist stooge".

Giving his impressions of the position of the Socialist Party in Gujerat Mr. Mehta said that the party was fast gaining ground in that region. Mr. Mehta concluded by making a plea for fuller support to the Socialist Party whose doors he said were open to all workers.

SUCCESS IN BY-ELECTION

Taking his stand before the microphone, Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas explained his election success as evidence of the desire of the working class for the realisation of Socialist principles. He reiterated the Socialist pledge to implement measures which ameliorate the social and economic conditions of the masses, saying that the Socialist Party was an organisation of workers.

CONGRESS BETRAYED

In connection with India's decision to remain within the British Commonwealth, Mr. Tricumdas stated that Congress had betrayed the people; it had gone back on the resolution to break completely with the British Government, which it had passed at its Lahore Session held two decades ago.

The speaker concluded with the observation that Congress had joined hands with the imperialists

(SEE PAGE 8)

Hands Off British Shipping

BERLIN, April 30 (UPA): Soviet authorities today agreed to keep hands off British shipping in West Berlin's waterways, and released three British soldiers seized last night while trying to retrieve livestock from the Soviet zone.

FATIMA JINNAH ON FUTURE OF KASHMIR

Frontier Premier Discounts War With Afghanistan

NEW DELHI, May 1. (UPI)—Addressing a public meeting here last evening Miss Fatima Jinnah declared the agitation in the mind of Pakistan Muslims would not be set at rest unless and until the Kashmir issue was settled in consonance with their sense of dignity and heart-felt desire. She paid tributes to the democratic working of the Frontier Provincial Ministry expressing satisfaction at the fact that the Frontier Ministry Pathans were well on the path of progress and prosperity.

Earlier, Khan Abdul Qayum Khan, Premier of N.W.F.P., said that the bogey of Pathanistan was being raised by some interested circles in the areas majority of independent tribesmen live. If plebiscite is held tomorrow, all of them would favour Pakistan".

The Premier strongly discounted the possibility of war between Pakistan and Afghanistan. Observing that it is an impossibility he added, "let our joint enemies know it for certain" He asserted that in N.W.F.P. there were dissensions between the people, the Muslim League and the Ministry and that all were united for the common good.

RAZVI GOT 5 LAKHS FROM NIZAM'S FUND

Light On Laik Ali Cabinet's Financial Transactions

HYDERABAD (Deccan), May 1 (API).—Investigations made by the Hyderabad Government into the financial transactions of the Laik Ali Ministry have, it is said, revealed that State funds were used to pay Syed Kasim Razvi, former Razakar leader.

The Laik Ali Government, it is reported, paid Syed Kasim Razvi a sum of Rs. 5 lakhs from what is known as the Nizam's fund through Mir Laik Ali, former Premier, and Major-General El Edroos, former Commander of the Hyderabad State Forces.

More than Rs. 41 lakhs are known to have been spent by the Agent-General of Hyderabad in Karachi during the Laik Ali regime. A firm and a relative of a Pakistan Minister are said to have received Rs. 20 lakhs each, while two Pakistan Ministers were alleged to have received Rs. 80,000 between them.

LOAN TO EX-MINISTER FOR STARTING DAILY

Hyderabad Military Govt. Demands Repayment

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 1 (API).—The Military Government of Hyderabad have demanded the repayment of a Loan of Rs. 25,000 advanced to one of the Ministers of the Laik Ali regime now under house arrest, it was learned here today.

It was stated that the money was given to him for running an English daily.

The Government are also reported to have asked a newspaper proprietor in Hyderabad to pay back the loan of Rs. 3 lakhs advanced to him for starting a Telegu paper and conducting a News Agency.

FUTURE OF HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD, (Deccan) May 1 (API). The question of disintegration of Hyderabad State could be decided by the State Congress at its next annual session said Swami Ramanand Tirth, President of the Hyderabad State Congress, speaking to Pressmen here this evening.

ARAKANESE MUSLIMS REVOLT AGAINST BURMA GOVERNMENT

Karen Stronghold Of Toungoo Recaptured

RANGOON, May 1. (PTI-Reuter)—The Burma Government has sent reinforcements to the Akyab region following an attack by 200 Arakanese Moslem rebels, an official 'communique' said tonight.

The rebels were said to have attacked the town of Ahlethangyaw, near Maungdaw, on the Akyab coast. This the first instance of large-scale insurgent activity in the region since restlessness among Arakanese Muslims was reported some weeks ago.

The 'communique' also claimed that Government forces had inflicted casualties on rebels during clashes in the delta districts of Bassein and Pyapon, south-west of Rangoon.

Earlier, a Burman Army spokesman claimed that Government forces had entered the Central Burma Karen stronghold of Toungoo, midway between Rangoon and Mandalay.

He said Government forces had advanced south-ward from Maiktila, North Burma Army Headquarters.

The Karens have reportedly pulled out of Toungoo and are heading south along the railtracks to reinforce other Karen forces at the Nyaunglebin-Daiku sector, where there has been fierce fighting for eight days.

GENERAL ELECTIONS POSTPONED

The Burmese general elections, due to be held by July 4 are likely to be postponed for an indefinite period, sources close to the Government stated here today.

ADVERSE BALANCE OF TRADE

Five months of insurrection have hit Burma's export trade to the extent of rupees sixteen crores, according to figures published in the Burmese press.

Normally one of the most flourishing countries in terms of foreign trade—with an annual favourable trade balance of rupees thirty crores, Burma today is experiencing foreign exchange difficulties.

HEAVY ENGAGEMENTS FOR KESKAR

India's Deputy Foreign Minister Mr B. V. Keskar, due here from Bangkok tomorrow on a four-day visit at the end of his South-East Asian tour, has a "heavy programme" of engagements awaiting him in the Burmese capital.

Functions arranged in honour of the visiting Indian statesman, include a reception and dinner to be given by the Indian Ambassador, luncheon invitations from Premier Thakin Nu and the British Ambassador, a dinner engagement with the French Minister and a tea party by the All-Burma Indian Congress.

FATE OF INDIAN PASSENGERS

Four Indian passengers of the Burma Airways plane who fell into Karen hands when their plane force-landed near Bassein 90 miles south-west of Rangoon last week, have now been removed by Karens to Myaungmya 20 miles further south, official reports stated here.

REFUGEES FROM BURMA

GAUHATI MAY 1 (API): About two hundred refugees from Burma have so far come to Assam by the land route, it is officially learnt. These persons are now lodged in camps and looked after by the Assam Government.

All Governments Must Respect Human Rights

(From D. P Wagle, PTI Representative at the United Nations Headquarters)

FLUSHING MEADOWS, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations General Assembly took the first important decision of the present adjourned session when it asserted the right of the United Nations to see that human rights and fundamental freedoms were respected by all Governments.

The decision, which came after a two-day full dress debate on the church leaders' cases in Hungary and Bulgaria, was considered by many as one of special significance as the vote definitely committed the United Nations to the exercise of what Mr. Making of Australia described as that Body's "independent duty in the field of human rights", Article two (seven) of the Charter notwithstanding.

The Article forbids U.N. interference in the internal affairs of member states and is to be directly invoked by South Africa when the South Africa-Indian issue comes up.

Chinese Troops Evacuate Hangchow

'RED' SPEARHEAD ADVANCING: THREAT TO SHANGHAI'S SHIPPING ARTERY

SHANGHAI, May 1 (PTI-Reuter).—Chinese Nationalist troops have completed their evacuation of Hangchow—pivot of their 500-mile defence line from the Chekiang coast to central Kiangsi, and are taking up new positions, it was reported here today.

REDS' ADVANCE

One Communist spearhead was said to have advanced 40 miles past this defence line.

Communist forces engaged in mopping-up operations are now threatening towns north of Shanghai, one of the most important of which is Woosung at the mouth of the Whangpoo river, Shanghai's main shipping artery.

The official Central News Agency reported today that while Nationalist garrison troops had evacuated Hangchow, the Provincial Governor and a volunteer police force were still in the city.

PINCER MOVEMENT

The Communist pincer movement towards the strategic road and rail junction of Kashing, 60 miles south-west of Shanghai, continued to develop, with Communist spearheads only 25 miles west and 15 miles north of their objective.

A Shanghai garrison communique this morning placed the vanguard of the Western Communist forces—which is advancing along the south bank of Lake Taihu—near the small town of Nansin.

In the north Nationalist forces had withdrawn to Ninwang from Wukiang after a brief but fierce encounter it was added.

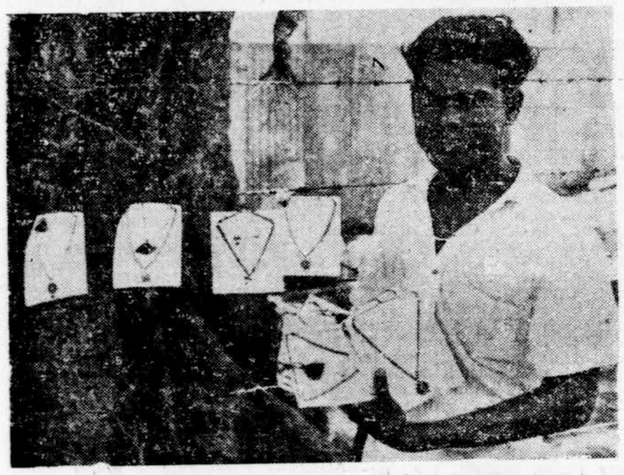
WOUNDED CREW

HONGKONG, May 1 (PTI-Reuter)—The American Hospital ship "Repose" arrived here today from Shanghai with 77 wounded from British warships shelled in the Yangtse, eleven days ago by Communists.

Forty-nine were taken ashore on stretches while the rest walked. All were taken to a naval hospital. The Repose's crew refused any information and reporters were not allowed inside the naval dockyard where she was berthed.

The Repose also brought 110 American civilian evacuees from Shanghai.

BOMBAY'S STREET-VENDORS



89. The Golden-Chain Seller

Against this drab background of a decaying tree trunk and the barbed wire fencing, there is glitter. If you hold the theory that all is not gold that glitters, the smiling vendor will argue with you for an indefinite period until you own defeat and recognise those necklaces as golden. He has a catchy sales slogan: "good wedding gift—golden gift—for eight annas only" To the doubting Thomas, he is prepared to give a "life-time guarantee" for the colour of the necklace If by chance, his oral guarantee proves false and you go back to the tree trunk with a darkened piece of metal, you are not likely to find the way-side shop. The vendor is ever on the move in search of new pastures. By the time he has covered the length and breadth of the island, it will be years and before he goes back to the starting point, many of his old clients will have forgotten his face. Even if they haven't he is unworried. There are many in Bombay who cannot afford to spend more on "peace offerings" to be carried home.

Bharatpur & Dholpur To Merge With Rajasthan

TEMPORARY MEASURE: FREEDOM TO OPT OUT

NEW DELHI, May 1 (API): The Government of India have accepted the recommendations of the three-man committee appointed by the States Ministry that the states of Bharatpur and Dholpur should for the present be integrated with Rajasthan.

The Committee has recommended that for the present the two states should be integrated with Rajasthan and that subsequently when public opinion in the states has stabilised itself and conditions are created favourable to the expression of a calm and reasoned opinion, uninfluenced by mere party politics, and opportunity should be given to the people of these two states, through such procedure as may be considered appropriate, to express themselves on the question whether they should continue in Rajasthan or opt out of it and merge into the United Provinces"

The Committee, which consists of Mr. Shankarrao Deo as Chairman and Mr. R. K. Sidhwa and Mr. Prabhu Dayal Himatsingh as members, was appointed last month to ascertain public opinion on the question whether the two states should be merged into the U.P. or be integrated with Rajasthan.

MOVE TO SEPARATE CITY OF BOMBAY DEPLORED

Hirey's Plea To Integrate Belgaum And Karwar In Maharashtra

BELGAUM, May 1 (API).—Mr. Bhausaheb Hirey urged here today that the Marathi speaking tracts of Belgaum and Karwar Districts should be immediately integrated in Maharashtra. In his presidential speech at the fourth session of the Samyukta Maharashtra Parishad Mr. Bhausaheb said that the Dar Commission by not agreeing to linguistic formation of Provinces had totally ignored the question of strengthening of federation.

The Conference which concluded its session today, by a resolution expressed its keen disappointment at the recommendations of the Nehru-Patel-Pattabhi Committee of separating Bombay City from Maharashtra. It also demanded disintegration of Marathi speaking tracts of Belgaum and Karwar districts from Karnatak and forming them into a separate unit till they were integrated in Maharashtra.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted an experienced Stenographer, able to handle independent Correspondence. Apply with testimonials to Box No. R. 101, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an influential and experienced Canvasser for a daily Newspaper in Bombay, particularly having contact with Cinemas and Film Companies. Apply with testimonials to Box No. T 35 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a person to look after the advertising Dept. of a local paper. Only experienced and qualified persons need apply No. 100, "Bombay Chronicle".

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Matheran—visit Lord's Central Hotel, with all home comforts. Phone No. 28. (3174)

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted — Godown accommodation in the city area 5000 square feet. Must be ground floor suitable for starting a small printing factory. Write to Box No. 4229 "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted experienced Canvassing Agents in unrepresented areas to canvass orders for our Handloom-Clothes on attractive commission basis. For particulars apply to Messrs Kumar Textiles, P.O. Kakkat, Cannanore, S.I.R. 658

Wanted-Agents on Commission basis or pay Rs. 200|- per month for our special Imitation Jewellery (Just arrived). Apply for samples and Agency terms with As. 2|- stamps. Sample Set Rs. 6|8|- only (refundable) London Gold Supply Co. (India), Gokalpura, Agra. (4255)

Wanted Travelling Agents to canvas orders for Bhavani Carpets on liberal commission for terms. Apply to Sree Veerabadra Industrials, Bhavani, (Coimbatore Dt.) 657

AGENCIES WANTED

Wanted Agencies for Hosiery Mills Hindu Multani & Co., 1|2, Godown Street, Madras 1. 656

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—American High Speed Diesel Oil at competitive prices available immediate delivery at Bombay. Write to Mr. Gumanmal c|o Messrs. Juharmal Moolchand, 299, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. (4256)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Shree Narmada Shanker Harjivan Joshi Audichya—Brahma—Samaj, Vidyarthi—Bhuwan, Bombay. Audichya Sahasra Brahmin Students who have passed the Matriculation or The Secondary School Certificate Exam. Styled the S.S.C. Examination and who wish to reside in the Bhuwan for further prosecution of studies, should obtain forms from the office and submit them before 31st May, 1949, to the undersigned. Jatashanker H. Trivedi B.A. Hon.-Secretary Shree N. H. Joshi Vidyarthi—Bhuwan, 6, Tribhuvan Road, Bombay 4. 4247

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours. 60" width Lovely for curtains. Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd., 91A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. (6778A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for disposal of scrap Lead, Copper, Brass, Iron & Cast Iron, etc. will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on 11th May, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. (4248)

NOTICE.

The following pigments, etc. for Sale:

35 tons Zinc Oxide (Red Seal)
15 tons Zinc Oxide (White Seal)
10 tons Timonox (White Star)
3 tons Genuine Red Lead Ordinary
2 tons Glue Flakes
15 cwts. Glue Sheet
20 tons Rosin ('K' grade)
10 cwts. Monolite Fast Yellow (Yellow Lake)
3 tons Canadian Aluminium Powder
15 cwts. Cobalt Acetate

Apply Box No. 4239, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

SEPARATE applications are invited BEFORE 23-5-49 preferably from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan, for the following posts in the Bombay Educational Service, Classes I and II, at the College of Engineering, Ahmedabad.

(1) Professor, Applied Mechanics (Class I).
(2) Professor of Civil Engineering (Class I).
(3) Professor of Electrical Engineering (Class I).
(4) Lecturer in Mathematics (Class II).
(5) Lecturer in Mechanical Technology (Class II).
(6) Lecturer in Electrical Engineering (Class II).
(7) Lecturer in Metallurgy (Class II).
(8) Lecturer in Machine Design and Drawing (Class II).

QUALIFICATIONS:— (1) PROFESSOR OF APPLIED MECHANICS:— (a) At least a second class degree in Civil Engineering and (b) 5 years' practical experience in the design and execution of steel and reinforced concrete structures. Membership of professional institutions and research work will be considered additional qualifications.

(2) PROFESSOR OF CIVIL ENGINEERING: — (a) At least a second class degree in Civil Engineering and (b) 5 years practical experience in the design and execution of water works and drainage schemes. Membership of professional institutions and research work will be considered additional qualifications.

(3) PROFESSOR OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING: — (a) At least a second class degree in electrical engineering and (b) 5 years' industrial experience in an electrical under-taking. Membership of professional institutions and research work will be additional qualifications.

(4) LECTURER IN MATHEMATICS:— (a) At least a second class M.A. or M.Sc. degree in Applied Mathematics or an equivalent degree of a statutory Indian or Foreign university and (b) 5 years' teaching experience.

(5) LECTURER IN MECHANICAL TECHNOLOGY: — (a) At least a second class degree in Mechanical Engineering or an equivalent qualification of a statutory Indian or Foreign university and (b) 5 years' practical experience in a workshop or a factory.

(6) LECTURER IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING:—(a) At least a second class degree in Electrical Engineering and (b) 5 years' practical experience in a power House or a factory. Teaching experience will be an additional qualification.

(7) LECTURER IN METALLURGY (a) At least a second class degree in Metallurgy and (b) 5 years' experience in Melting works in a Metallurgical Laboratory or Teaching experience Membership of professional institutions desirable.

(8) LECTURER IN MACHINE DESIGN AND DRAWING:—(a) At least a second class degree in Mechanical Engineering and (b) 5 years' practical experience. AGE:— on 1-8-1949, for posts (1), (2) and (3):— Not more than 35 years and for posts (4) to (8) not less than 23 and not more than 30 years. Age limits relaxable in suitable cases. No age limit for Bombay Government servants. PAY:— For posts (1), (2) & (3):— Rs. 300-1100. (Higher starting pay upto Rs. 500/- may be given in suitable cases) For posts (4) to (8):— Rs. 200-650. (Higher starting pay admissible). In addition, dearness allowance and house rent allowance at 7½ p.c. of the pay for all the posts. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 4 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay" who will also supply full details on request. Payment by postage stamps will NOT be accepted. Persons registered with Regional Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. (4244)

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT.

Secretariat Bombay.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a temporary Head Accountant in the Office of the Milk Commissioner, Bombay.

PAY: Rs. 275-15-350 plus Dearness Allowance.

QUALIFICATION: Candidates must be graduates and possess good Accounts Qualification with considerable previous experience of at least 10 years in Accounts work in a Civil or Military Accounts Office as a Superintendent, Senior Accountant or Divisional Accountant. Knowledge of Bombay Civil Service Rules, Financial Regulations, Treasury Rules, Budget, etc., necessary.

Applications stating age, qualifications, domicile, and previous experience accompanied with copies of certificates should reach the Milk Commissioner, Wakefield House, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay before 15th May 1949.

Government servants may also apply through their Departments, but they will not be permitted to revert to their parent Department. Candidates will be required to appear in person for interview at their own cost.

S. M. MOGRE,
Establishment Officer.
2nd May, 1949. (4257)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for reconditioning of lead scrap battery with dust into Pig lead. Form obtainable from his office at Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/ per copy not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date Monday the 23rd May 1949 at 3 P.M. (S. T.). (4242)

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

CLASS III ACCOMMODATION IN THE MEERUT EXPRESS

THE PUBLIC is hereby informed that for the convenience of passengers travelling by 19 Down and 20 Up Meerut Express a special class III coach has been set aside for those whose journey is 300 miles or more. (4252)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDER

DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS STOCKS

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the last date for receipt of tenders for the purchase of surplus stocks of White peas, Pure Ghee, Orid Dal and Jaggery has been extended to May 7, 1949 and therefore the tender for the above will be received in the prescribed form up to 1-00 p.m. on Saturday May 7, 1949. Surplus stocks will be available for inspection in the Railway's Godown at No. 3 Shed at Wadi Bandar and NOT at D Shed, Masjid as originally notified.

G. I. P. RAILWAY

AUCTION SALE NOTICE

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER 'Grainshops', G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, notifies that an auction sale of empties and condemned articles will be held at Bhusaval 'A', Railway Grainshop and Bhusaval godown at 10 hrs. and 12 hrs. respectively on 10-5-49. The conditions governing the auction and the list of the items being auctioned can be obtained from the office of the Asstt. Controller, Grainshops, Bhusaval on request. (4227)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 9-5-1949 for the supply of 1,500 lbs. Full Cream Milk Powder to the Railway Canteens. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller, Grainshops, G. I. P. Railway, at Bombay. 4139

SECRETARY, EAST PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, SIMLA

Advertisement No. 10

INVITES APPLICATIONS on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 5|- not later than the 1st June, 1949 for a temporary (upto 31-3-1951) post of ASSISTANT SUGARCANE ENTOMOLOGIST in the Punjab Agricultural Service, Class II, from Nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of other Indian States and citizens of Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the East Punjab Government will be necessary in their case before appointment. Candidates should possess B.Sc. (Agri.) degree from a recognised University with Agricultural Zoology including Entomology as one of the major subjects followed by post-graduate training, particularly in Entomology. Candidates with higher academic qualifications and experience of research in sugarcane Entomology preferred. Age not less than 22 and not more than 35 years on 1st June, 1949, relaxable in case of Government servants and in the case of War Service candidates to the extent of the period of War Service and in the case of Scheduled Caste candidates by three years. Pay: Rs. 250-25-750. Rs. 200|- during probationary period for direct recruits. Women not eligible. Further particulars on application. (4249)

ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF'S BRANCH E. I. C. (1)

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following temporary posts in the M.E.S.:—

32 Surveyor Assistant. Gde II.
40 Superintendents Electrical and Mechanical Gde II.
100 Superintendents Buildings and Roads. Gde II.

Scale of Pay Rs. 100-8-140-10-200-EB-10-300 in each case.

The posts are likely to last for an indefinite period.

QUALIFICATIONS:—

(a) Educational ... ... NOT below Matric.
(b) Technical ..... Diploma from any of the recognised institution.

AGE: — Preferably below 30 years. A relaxation can be allowed in the case of bonafide refugees.

Applications stating qualifications, experience, age, etc. together with attested copies of certificates, should be sent so as to reach, not later than 30 May 1949 to the Engineer-in-Chief, Army Headquarters, Kashmir House, New Delhi.

Persons in Government employ should forward their applications through the heads of their departments.

Selected candidates will have to attend an interview, at their own expense, before a selection Board either at New Delhi, Poona or Ranchi. Originals of certificates will be required at the time of interview. (4221)

PUBLIC NOTICES

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR PUBLIC HEALTH, JAMMU.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Surgeon Specialist in the S. M. G. S. Hospital, Jammu on agreemental basis in the scale of 300-25-500 on the following terms, on probation for one year in the first instance. Applications along with the necessary testimonials showing qualifications, experience etc., should reach this office within 21 days from the date of publication of this notice.

1. Pay in the scale 300-25-500	Higher start will be allowed in case of high academic qualifications, experience etc.
2. Terms of Service	Three years-renewable but subject to termination in the interim period on three months' notice on either side.
3. Privilege leave	As for permanent officers under Kashmir Service Regulations.
4. Leave other than privilege leave, T. A. and admission to the State Provident Fund.	According to Kashmir Service Regulations.
5. Will have to serve in Jammu and Kashmir as and when requred to do so.	
6. Attendance of families of Government servants.	Shall be required to attend families of Government servants whenever called upon to do so, according to the rules in force.

(Sd.) S. N. PESHIN,
Director Public Health. (4250)

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE.

1. SEALED TENDERS are invited for the appointment of Clearing and Forwarding Agents at main Indian Ports for receiving and clearing and forwarding fertilizers to be imported by the Government of India, Ministry of Agriculture, New Delhi, during the period 1st July 1949 to 30th June 1950.

2. A flat rate for the following items should be clearly stated. By flat rate is meant one charge for the 4 items given below:—

(1) Clearing charges;
(2) Storage, stacking and loading F.O.R. charges;
(3) Re-conditioning and re-bagging charges where necessary;
(4) Remuneration for services rendered.

3. Quantities to be handled spread over the period indicated above may amount to about 3 lakhs of tons for all the ports. Tenderers will be required to produce evidence that they have at their command sufficient storage accommodation to handle large consignments which may arrive in full ship-loads and also may have to be stored for some time. Generally the consignments which are received in packed condition are to be despatched direct from docks to the consignees in accordance with prior despatch instructions. When goods are received in torn or damaged condition only that quantity will have to be re-bagged or re-packed to make it fit for despatch.

4. Tenderers must produce satisfactory evidence showing that they have handled fertilizers and|or similar products on a fairly large scale in the past.

5. Other things being equal, preference will be given to those who have actual experience of clearing and forwarding fertilizers and have an organization for distribution of these chemicals.

6. Tenders must reach the undersigned in sealed covers by the 20th May 1949, at the latest.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a Treasury Chalan for Rs. 10,000 as earnest money. This amount will be refunded to the unsuccessful tenderers. In addition, each tenderer must furnish a satisfactory reference from a scheduled bank showing that he has adequate financial standing for purposes of carrying out the terms of the contract offered to him.

8. The Government of India are not bound to accept the lowest or any tender or to give reasons for such non-acceptance.

9. There is no prescribed form for the submission of tenders. Tenders may be submitted in the tenderer's own letter-head furnishing clearly all particulars required above.

C. S. D. SWAMY,
Deputy Agricultural Production Adviser to the Govt. of India. (4183)

NOTICE

FIRMS dealing in Printing Machinery are desired to quote competitive prices for brand new machines as specified below with their business terms, if any:—

Automatic Cylinder Size 20 x 30.
Automatic Cylinder Size 27 x 34.
Wire Stitcher Size 1" thickness
Cutting Machine Size 30½ x 34½
Platen Press Size 14"x22" OR 21"x16".

SUPERINTENDENT,
Stationery, Printing & Press,
Madhya Bharat, GWALIOR 4197

WANTED

FOUR SENIOR TOOL DESIGNERS. Scale Rs. 150/- to Rs. 400/- plus D.A.

THREE SENIOR DRAFTSMAN. Scale Rs. 120/- to Rs. 250/- plus D.A.

Only persons with good experience need apply with testimonials to THE PREMIER AUTOMOBILES LTD., Agra Road, Kurla, Bombay. 4193

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED FOR:

(A) (1) The construction of composite Bodies on, or
(2) The construction of all Metal Coach Bodies on, or
(3) The supply of completely knocked down prefabricated components for assembly departmentally on....
(i) 100 Commer 191" W.B. Chassis.
(ii) 100 Morris Commercial 179" W.B. Chassis.
(iii) 50 Morris Commercial 150" W.B. Chassis.

(B). (1) The construction of all metal Coach Bodies on, or
(2) The supply of completely knocked down pre-fabricated components for assembly departmentally on.....
(i) 75 Leyland 190" W. B. Chassis.
(ii) 75 Seddon 179" W. B. Chassis.

(2). The tenders must be submitted in sealed covers superscribed "Tenders for the construction of metal coach bodies etc.," to reach the undersigned before 12 noon on the 4th June, 1949 and will be opened at 14.30 hrs. on the 6th June, 1949.

(3). Brief specifications and chassis drawings will be available on application from the State Transport Office on payment of Rs. 10|- only.

(4). The prescribed forms on which tenders must be submitted along with tender schedules and conditions of supply can be had on application from the Office of the undersigned.

(5). The Governmenmt may accept or reject any tender as a whole or for any part of it without assigning reasons.

D. D. SATHE,
Provincial Motor Transport Controller,
State Transport,
Asian Air Building, Globe Mill Passage,
Worli, Bombay. 4251

PUBLIC NOTICE

BOMBAY SALES TAX ACT

THE BOMBAY SALES TAX ACT is being applied to the Baroda State excluding the Districts of Amreli and Okhamandal with effect from the 1st May, 1949.

Any dealer who is registered under the Sales Tax Act of the Baroda State (excluding the Districts of Amreli and Okhamandal), on the 30th April. 1949, will be treated as registered dealer under the Bombay Sales Tax Act with effect from the 1st May, 1949, and he will be entitled to purchase goods from any dealers of Bombay Province and the integrated Deccan and Gujerat States on a tax free basis under clause (ii) of Rule I of section 6(3) of the Bombay Sales Tax Act, provided he furnishes the selling dealer with a certificate in one of the following forms under rule 26(3) of the Bombay Sales Tax Rules:—

"(i) Certified that these goods are purchased for resale.

Registration No. ——— of District|Baroda State City
Place ——— Signature ———
Date ——— Status ———

"(ii) Certified that these goods are purchased for packing of goods to be sold.

Registration No. ——— of District/Baroda State City.
Place ——— Signature ———
Date ——— Status ———

"(iii) Certified that the goods are purchased for use in the manufacture of goods for sale, and are covered by my|our certificate of Registration No. ——— or——— District City, Baroda State.

Place ——— Signature ———
Date ——— Status ———

V. L. GIDWANI,
Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax,
Bombay Province.
No. 387(5)
Bombay, 30-4-49. 4253

PUBLIC NOTICES

INDIAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE CULTIVATION OF SCIENCE, CALCUTTA 12.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Professor of Theoretical Physics in the grade Rs. 800-40 1,000; 1,000-50-1,250.

Applicant should be a distinguished scientist having long experience of research and will be required to organise and promote research and guide scholars in research work in his subject. Experience of work relating to high polymers is desirable.

Six copies of applications together with testimonials, statement of qualifications and age, and copies of original publications, should reach the Registrar on or before July 15, 1949.

For candidates applying from overseas, abstracts of applications may be sent in advance by Air Mail. (4186)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES

Office of the Director of Supplies Graham Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIRECTOR of Supplies, Bombay invites Tender No. BOM|E-3|3081 to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on 17-5-1949 on Forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6|- (not refundable) per set to be paid in Cash or Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender No. full name and address of the remitter) for:—

Item No.	Description of Stores.	Quantity
1	Fittings, suspension type, fluorescent mercury vapour daylight, anti-glare type, with chassis, glass reflectors etc., suitable for 2-40 W. 230 V. A.C. flourescent tube complete with high power factor ballast, holders, no blink starters etc.	200 Nos.
2	Fittings, fluorescent, anti-glare suspension type, with chassis, reflectors suitable for 4-40 W 230 V. A.C. Flourescent tubes, complete with H. P. F. Ballast, no blink starters, sockets, hangers etc.	30 Nos.

Applicants not already on the approved list of this Department or the late Department of Supply must give their Banker's reference on applications for Tender Forms. Tender Forms will not be issued to firms already blacklisted. (4237)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

SUPERINTENDENT, INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, YERAVDA.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 7-6-1949, from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of SUPERINTENDENT, INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, YERAVDA. QUALIFICATIONS:—Honours degree (Master's degree treated as equivalent to Honours degree) and teaching or institutional experience of five years. One or more of the following additional qualifications preferred:—(i) Social Service Diploma, (ii) Proficiency at games, (iii) Management of Craft Classes, (iv) University Training Corps or (v) Scouting. AGE:—Not less than 25 and not more than 30 years on 1-8-1949. Upper age limit relaxable in suitable cases. No age limit for Bombay Government servants. PAY:—Rs. 220-340 PLUS conveyance allowance of Rs. 30|- p. m. PLUS dearness allowance and free quarters. Higher starting pay admissible in deserving cases. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 4 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Regional Employment Exchange can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. 4245

FOR SALE

LARGE PROPERTIES including two Ginning factories and one Pressing factory complete in working order with machineries, buildings and lands, situated at Shegaon (Berar), other buildings and about 500 acres of agricultural lands etc., are to be sold in one or several lots without encumbrances. For inspection of properties along with maps and plans see the undersigned at Shegaon. Interested desiring purchasers should send their offer or offers under sealed covers to the undersigned before 25-6-1949. For full particulars, ask for detailed catalogues.

(By the order of the Joint Receivers appointed by the High Court Calcutta)
A. H. DHARASKAR,
Agent,
Hardattarai Rampratap Properties,
SHEGAON (Berar).
Shegaon,
D|- 10-4-49. 4161

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 13-6-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for FIVE POSTS OF PSYCHIATRISTS IN THE BOMBAY MEDICAL SERVICE CLASS II. PAY: Rs. 200—650 PLUS cost of living allowance. Private practice permitted. Higher starting pay may be considered in special cases. AGE: Not more than 35 years on 1-8-1949, relaxable in suitable cases. QUALIFICATIONS: (1) M.B.B.S. degree or M.C.P.S. (Bombay), obtained after 30-4-1944 or any other equivalent qualification and (2) extensive experience in Psychiatry. Diploma in Psychiatry preferred. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 4 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request: Persons registered with Regional Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. 4243

NOTICE

No. 2532-G|37 of 49

THE REGIONAL TRANSPORT AUTHORITY, Bombay has fixed the following as the maximum freight charges that can be charged by all public carriers (goods vehicles plying for hire) operating in this Region:—

Rs. 0-12-0
per lorry mile
Plus additional surcharge at 33 1|3% for goods carried in Bombay.

or

Rs. 0-6-0
Per ton mile
Plus additional surcharge at 33 1|3% for goods carried in Bombay.

(Capt.) R. A. MUNDKUR,
Secretary, Regional Transport Authority, Bombay.

Regional Transport Office,
Gymnasium Road, Bombay,
Dated 29th April, 1949. (4238)

INDIAN COUNCIL OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH

THE TRAINING COURSES in Agricultural and Animal Husbandry Statistics, for the next session will commence from the 16th August, 1949.

CERTIFICATE COURSE:—Minimum qualifications for admission—Degree in Mathematics, Graduate in Veterinary Science, Agriculture and Economics with special aptitude in Mathematics also eligible. Total number of admissions restricted to twenty.

Diploma Course:—Admission restricted to those passing Certificate Course but M.A.s and M.Scs. in Statistics also eligible. Total number of admissions restricted to ten.

Prospectus and application form can be had from the Secretary, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, 'P'-Block, Raisina Road, New Delhi. Last date for receipt of applications is 1st July, 1949. 4209

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

THE TRADE AND THE PUBLIC are hereby notified that the business of an Eating House, and of making, preparing and selling Sweetmeats (mithai), milk products and other ration products carried on at Dalal Estate, Lamington Road North, under the name and license of Bhagwandas Keshabdeo (alias Keshawlal) is the sole and exclusive business of Jamnalal Brijwansilal and Bhagwandas Keshabdeo has no interest nor claim nor connection in any wise whatsoever with it.

The Trade and the Public are therefore warned from dealing with the said Bhagwandas Keshabdeo or his servant Shivaji Kashiram.

Dated at Bombay this 29th day of April, 1949

J. S. RUTNAGUR & CO.
Solicitors for
Jamnalal Brijwansilal (4240)

NOTICE.

THE TRADE AND THE PUBIC are hereby notified that the business of an Eating House and of making, preparing and selling Sweetmeats (mithai), milk products and other ration products carried on at Corner 14h Kamatipura Lane, Foras Road, under the name and license of Bhagwandas Keshabdeo (alias Keshawlal) is the sole and exclusive business of Kishorilal Brijwansilal and Bhagwandas Keshabdeo has no interest nor claim nor connection in any wise whatsoever with it.

The Trade and the Public are therefore warned from dealing with the said Bhagwandas Keshabdeo or his servant Shivaji Kashiram.

Dated at Bombay this 29th day of April, 1949.

J. S. RUTNAGUR & CO.
Solicitors for
Kishorilal Brijwansilal. (4241)

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

NEWS about YOUR HEALTH

Impurities in the blood-stream sooner or later cause ill health: as a result you cannot look your best, feel your best or get the best out of life. Whenever troubles with blood and skin complaints, such as simple rheumatism, stiff and painful joints, boils, and similar disorders take a course of this famous medicine.

CLARKE'S BLOOD PURIFYING MEDICINE BLOOD MIXTURE

In liquid or tablet form of all dealers.

Amrutanjan BRAND RINGWORM OINTMENT

MAKE A NOTE!
FRIDAY 6th
JAIMANI DEWAN PRESENTS
NARGIS
KARAN DEWAN
LAHORE
SIMULTANEOUSLY AT
EXCELSIOR PLANS OPEN.
MINERVA Advance Booking Box. & Bal. 10 to 12 noon.

2ND HOUSE FULL WEEK
Musical Feast at SUPER
Also BHUDA ADVANI JAISINH Release.
3-15, 6-15, 9-15 Sun 12
Booking: 9-30 to 11-30, 5 to 7
Also at Ahmedabad

A FATHER'S 3 DAUGHTERS PROVIDE THE MOTIVE FOR KASHMIR FILM'S
LAUGH GETTER
CHOUBEJI
DIXIT, GOPE, BHUDO ADVANI, RADHAKISHEN.
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30.
MAJESTIC CAPITOL RADHESHYAM
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30.

AS TASTY & MEATY AS ITS NAME!
MEETH-BHAKAR
SWASTIK 7TH WEEK
KOHINOOR 4TH WEEK
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishakh Shud 4, 2005
Muslim: Rajjab 3, 1368
Parsi: Adar 2, 1318
Sunrise 6-11 A.M. Sunset 7-1 p.m.
Hightide 01-44, 14-56
Lowtide 07-50, 20-48
CORPORATION MEETING: 3 p.m. (Bombay Time).

To-day's Engagements

P.E.N. Prof. A. Srinivasa Raghawan will speak on "the new spirit of Tamil Literature" at Town Hall 6-15 p.m. Mr. M. Sundaram will preside.

BOMBAY LIFE UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION: Fourth Annual Meeting 5 P.M. followed by entertainment. Modi Hall 5 P.M.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: "With immediate effect telegraph service with Suchow in China is suspended".

TWO RECEPTIONS TO S. K. PATIL

BOMBAY, Sunday:

Mr. S. K. Patil, B.P.C.C President was accorded a reception at a public meeting this evening held under the auspices of the Physical Education Association, Bombay, when several speakers congratulated him on his election as the Mayor of Bombay

Mr. V. L. Mehta, Bombay's Finance Minister, who presided, Dr. K. S. Mhaskar and others paid tributes to Mr Patil's services both in the civic and political spheres of life of the city.

Mr. Patil thanked the Association for the honour done to him.

Earlier, the Congress Sevika Dal and the Congress Seva Dal held another function at the Congress House to felicitate Mr. Patil.

"PROGRESSIVE WRITER" ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. Niaz Hyder, a well-known Urdu poet and a member of the Progressive Writers' Association was arrested last evening under the Public Security Act after he returned from a workers' rally at Mastan Talao.

Egyptian Industrial Mission Leaves Bombay

BOMBAY, May 1 (API.)—The two-man Egyptian Industrial Mission to India, Pakistan and Ceylon headed by Mr. Hamada Pasha leading Egyptian industrialist left Bombay by air for Cairo this morning.

The Mission was seen off at the airport by Mr. Mustafa El Sadany, Egyptian Consul in Bombay.

AUCTION SALES

SALE ON WEDNESDAY 4TH MAY 1949 AT 3 P.M. AT THE SALE ROOM OF THE UNDERSIGNED:

About 17 Drawing Room Sets each 7 pieces of solid teakwood and leather and tapestry lined, 180 boxes Plasticine, 31 Bob Snooker (Game), leather picnic set, writing sets, purses, toilet cases etc., 35 Vols. Encyclopaedia Britannica(9th and 10th Edition),45 Bundles Rubber hose 50|60 feet.

AT 4 P.M.

19 Cases each 4 tins 28 lbs Sodium Bromide, 19 Drums each 65 lbs. Glucose Liquid, 110 Boxes Downbre Stainless Steel Serum Needles, 153 Boxes Downbre Hypodemic Needles, 4000 tubes Chroloform, 38 Cases Chloroform (Bengal Chemicals Co.) each half lb. bottle, 200 Bottles Acriflevine, 3 Tins Barium Sulphate each 10 lbs., 3000 Enamel Bed pans.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows St.

ELABORATE FIVE-YEAR PLAN TO STEP UP FISHERIES

Target Of 10,000 Tons Of Supply Every Day

BOMBAY, May 1 (API).—A five-year-plan for the development of India's fisheries, based on modern methods employed in Europe and Japan, is now well under way, it is learnt here.

This programme, which sets a target of 10,000 tons of fish supply every day, is expected to ease the food situation and to introduce fish as a staple food for people all over the country. The present "catch" of fish on the Indian coast is estimated at about 5,000 tons.

The fishery development plan provides for an exhaustive survey of India's 3,200-mile coastline, the establishment of pilot fishing stations and the encouragement of deep sea fishing. This phase of the programme, costing Rs. 20,000,000 will be completed in two years.

The programme also envisages the setting up of cold storage plants and the introduction of fish transport to interior centres by refrigerator railway vans and motor trucks. The Government also hopes to transport fish by special aircraft from the coast to the Interior when the industry is sufficiently developed.

FISHING VESSELS FROM JAPAN

Negotiations are now in progress between the Government of India and the Japanese authorities for the purchase of fishing vessels for deep sea operations in India.

PILOT STATIONS

The Central Government proposes to locate pilot fishing stations at Saurashtra port, Bombay, Cochin, Mandapam (Madras), Vizagapattam, Chandbali and Calcutta. Each of these stations will be equipped with cold storage plants of a capacity of over 400 tons and will have modern trawlers and fishing vessels.

Machinery for a fish freezing plant from the United States of America has arrived in India recently. This "air blast" freezing plant cuts down the margin of fish shrinkage and preservers fish in the shortest time.

The pilot fishing stations in India will mainly concentrate on marine fishing including deep-sea fisheries. Deep-sea fishing operations in Bombay region will be intensified by the new Scottish reekie "Bumili"—40-ton powered-vessel and a sister vessel of the "Meena", the naval trawler already operating on the west coast. Bombay's fishing fleet will be augmented by three more trawlers from Scotland and Holland, which are expected to be delivered within the next two months.

The programme includes foreshore, off-shore, and deep-sea fishing a narrow strip of five to ten miles along the coast exploited uptil now will be extended with the aid of trawlers. At present India has been able to operate on only five to six per cent of the entire marine area.

Another feature of the programme is the preservation of fresh-water fish. The Government has started stocking fresh-water fish in some 340 tanks in the villages of Delhi Province and this programme is being extended in all inland waters throughout India.

FISHERIES RESEARCH

A comprehensive programme to formulate research in Indian fisheries with a view to effect co-ordination and integration of all research is being worked out by the authorities. Proposals to extend surveys of culturable waters to stock all such areas with carp or other suitable species of fish are also proceeding for this purpose, the Government will set a Fisheries Research Station in Bombay.

The Central Government has selected twenty-five candidates for the second session in fisheries training in Inland fisheries at the Central Fisheries Research Station at Palta in Calcutta, in the middle of this year. A similar batch of students will also be trained at the marine fisheries station at Mandapam (Madras) during a ten-month course to cover general principles of marine fisheries work. These are primarily designed to train personnel to man the fisheries offices in the Subordinate Administrative Services.

Radio

BOMBAY, MONDAY, MAY 2.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Bharati J. Thakore. 7-45 Krishna Joglekar. 8-0 News (E), 8-15 News (H), 8-30 R. H. Brahmabhatt. 8-45 News (G).

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude. 12-50 Bharati J. Thakore. 1-0 News (G), 1-30 News (E), 1-40 Dance Music.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s)
from 5-0 to 7-45 p.m.
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
8-0 to 11-0 p.m.

5-0 p.m. Ira Nagrath. 5-15 Krishna Joglekar. 6-0 News (E), 6-10 News (H), 6-20 Kesarbai Bandodkar. 7-0 Topic of the Day. 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report. 7-15 R. H. Brahmabhatt. 7-45 Marathi Gani. 8-0 Bharati J. Thakore. 8-15 News (G). 9-0 News (E), 9-15 News (H), 9-30 Instrumental Music. 10-0 Mae Dhondy. 10-15 Margurite Long and the Cologne Symphony Orchestra. 10-40 Russi Mody.

VARIATIONS
TRANSMISSION I

353 metres (850 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-45 a.m. News (K), 8-0 Gururao Deshpande. 8-30 News (M), 8-45 Kewal Singh Ragi.

12-45 p.m. As in (B), 12-50 News (M). 1-0 Nagrath. 1-10 Suno Suno. 1-30 Kewalsingh Ragi. 1-50 Bahnon Ke Liye.

353 metres (850 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m.
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.

5-30 R. H. Brahmabhatt. 6-0 Kewal Singh Ragi. 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners. 7-30 Commercial News, 7-45 News (K), 8-0 News (M), 8-15 Krishna Joglekar. 8-30 Pustak Parichaya. 8-45 Kesarbai Bandodkar. 9-0 Gururao Deshpande. 9-40 Anything Goes. 9-45 Talk in English. 10-0 Ghantinan Pad, drama in Gujarati by U. C. Quraishi and Produced by AIR. 10-30 Kesarbai Bandodkar.

BARODA: AHMEDABAD, MONDAY MAY 2.

250 metres (1,200 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Geet Gurjari. 8-0 News (E), 8-15 Master Dinanath (Surat). 8-45 News in (G).

6-0 p.m. News (E), 6-10 Bimal Mukerjee, Sitar. 6-25 Kumudben Thakor and Party. 6-35 Gramjano Mate: Bhajan Varta-re-varta: Bhajan: Havaman, (from Baroda only). 7-0 Music. 7-15 Topic of the Day. 7-25 Musical Interlude. 7-30 Kumudben Thakur and Party. 7-45 Gajendra Bhatt Gujarati Geeto (from Baroda only).

326.1 metres (920 kc/s)

8-0 p.m. D. V. Paluskar. 8-10 Local Announcements. 8-15 News (G), 8-30 Master Dinanath of Surat. 9-0 News (E), 9-15 Prashnottari, Quiz Presented by Subandhu Trivedi. 9-45 Gajendra Bhatt. 10-0 Bimal Mukerjee, Sitar.

REQUISITIONING COTTON FOR NEEDY MILLS

BOMBAY, Sunday.—With a view to requisitioning cotton for the use of mills in short supply, the Bombay Cotton (Regulation of Disposal) Order, 1949, has been published by Government of Bombay in an extraordinary issue of the Gazette of May 2, 1949.

The Order comes into force in the whole of Province, including the integrated States, from May 2.

The order prescribes that a consumer requiring any variety of cotton may make an application in triplicate to the Textile Commissioner, Bombay, in such form as may be prescribed by him. The Textile Commissioner will, if he is satisfied with the genuineness of the needs of the applicant, forward such application to the Licensing Authority concerned under the Bombay Cotton Licensing Order, 1949. The Licensing Authority has nower to freeze any stock of cotton or direct any stockholder to sell the required type and quantity of cotton to any applicant.

Indian Delegate To I. C. A. O.

BOMBAY, May 1. (API)—Mr. M. G. Pradhan, Director of Aerodromes, Civil Aviation Directorate, will represent India at the International Civil Aviation Organisation at Montreal for coming three years.

Mr. D. Chakaraverti, who is now in Montreal as India's representative, will take over charge as Deputy Director-General of Civil Aviation in India shortly.

Mr. Pradhan is expected to arrive in Bombay from New Delhi and sail for U.S.A. on May 21.

Indian Songs For Military March Music

Army Headquarters have so far received no less than 21 entries in response to their announcement offering 12 prizes of Rs. 150 each to the best composers of Indian songs suitable for adaptation for military march music.

These entries have come from different places in India, including Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta, Lucknow and Allahabad, but they are not accompanied by the necessary music score-sheets for military bands.

The intention was to obtain good Hindustani songs from Indian composers whose tunes are capable of orchestral rendering and payable on military bands. Therefore, competitors are requested to submit their manuscripts supported by proper musical scores and must be in the two recognised systems of Indian musical notations, e.g., the "Bhatkhande's" system or the "Vishnu Digambar" system.

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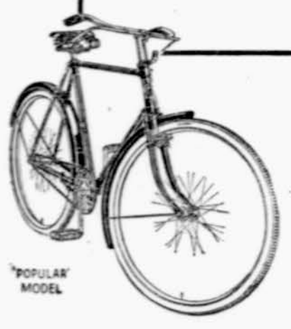

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WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, May 1. (API)—Following is the weather summary for Sunday, the 1st May 1949.

There have been a few thundershowers in Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Orissa, the South Deccan, Mysore and Malabar.

Day temperatures were appreciably below normal in West Bengal, Bihar Chota-Nagpur and the East United Provinces and appreciably above normal over the East Punjab, Rajputana, the central parts of the country and the Deccan.

Thundershowers will occur locally in West Bengal, Chota Nagpur and Malabar and at a few stations in North Orissa and Mysore. Isolated dust or thunderstorms are possible in the East Punjab and Kumaon Hills.

Weather Chart

POONA, May 1. (API)—Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st April 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 0830 hrs. I.S.T. on 1st May 1949:—

Ajmer 104 88 0 0 minus 0.2, Allahabad 104 81 0 0 minus 0.2, Ambala 109 83 0 0 minus 0.6, Bangalore 94 72 0 1.6 minus 0.1, Baroda 105 79 0 0 0, Banaras 102 79 0 0 minus 0.2, Bhopal 107 77 0 0 minus 0.2, Bhuj 104 78 0 0 minus 0.1, BOMBAY 92 79 0 0 0, Calcutta 93 75 T 6.0 plus 4.2, Cochin 90 81 0 6.1 plus 1.0, Colombo 87, Cuttack 100 83 0 0.8 minus 0.3, Dehradun 96 75 0 0.8 plus 0.1, Delhi 107 79 0 0 minus 0.3, Gwalior 113 83 0 0, Gaya 99 79 0 0.1 minus 0.2, Hyderabad (Dn) 107, Indore 105 76 0 0 minus 0.1, Jaipur 110 77 0 0 minus 0.2, Karachi 99 77 0 0 minus 0.1, Kolhapur 97 72 0 0.5, Lahore 113 79 0 0 minus 0.5, Lucknow 101 82 0 0 minus 0.3, Madras 100 80 0 0.9 plus 0.3, Mussorie 73 60 0 0 minus 1.3, Mysore 95 71 0 2.1 minus 0.4, Nagpur 113 83 0 0.1 minus 0.6,Ootacamund 76 50 0 3.5 plus 0.3, Pachmarhi 99 75 0 0 minus 0.4, Patiala 109 78 0, Patna 93 75 0 0.8 minus 0.5 Peshawar 103 75 0 0 2.2 plus 0.4, Poona 99 71 0 0 minus 0.6, Port Blair 89 75 0 6.5 plus 4.0, Quetta 82 43 0 0.2 minus 0.8, Rajkot 108, 75 0 0 0, Ranchi 99 69 0 2.1 plus 1.2, Rawalpindi 101 72 0 0.2 minus 1.8, Shillong 71 56 0 13.1 plus 7.7, Sholapur 109 79 0 0 minus 0.5, Simla 80 65 0 1.9 plus 0.1, Surat 95 80 0 0 0.

PLENARY SESSION OF FORWARD BLOC

BOMBAY, April 30. (U. P. I.): The fourth plenary session on the All-India Forward Bloc will be held at Ingnota, in Hamirpur District, Bundelkhand (U. P.) under the chairmanship of Comrade Sahe, Bhadra Yajee on May 9, 10, 11 and 12, 1949.

About one thousand delegates of the party, who form its cornerstone, will attend.

The session will take a decision for holding an All-India anti-Commonwealth Conference of all the left and progressive parties of the country.

Fraternal delegates from the foreign lands, representing Marxist schools of thought, from Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, China, Malaya, Siam, Indonesia, Burma and otrer Asiatic countries are expected to attend the session.

FUTURE OF SAURASHTRA CONSEMBLY

RAJKOT, May 1 (API).—The question of converting the Constituent Assembly of Saurashtra into a Legislative Assembly will take some time as the Rajpramukh of Saurashtra, the Jam Saheb, has not received any communication from the States Ministry so far Besides, the Covenant has to be amended, and out of the 28 signatories—who have to signify their assent, some are not available at present.

The Covenant has also to be amended for the appointment of two Advisers, as agreed recently in Delhi at a Conference of Rajpramukhs, States Premiers and States Ministry, one for the Rajpramukh and other for the Government, who will look after and advise on subjects for which the Indian Government have no overall control.

Again the present caretaker Government, which is responsible to the Rajpramukh will continue to remain so unless the clause in the Covenant is amended to make it responsible to the Legislative Assembly. In this case the present Ministry will go, and a Ministry from among the members of Assembly will come into being.

Cotton Licensing Order Extended To Integrated States

BOMBAY, Sunday:

The Government of Bombay has extended, with effect from May 2, 1949, the Bombay Cotton Licensing Order, 1949, to the States integrated with the Province, by an order published in an extra-ordinary issue of the Bombay Government Gazette of the same date. The names of the States have been mentioned in the Schedule annexed to the Order.

Persons holding stocks or, or carrying on business in, cotton in the integrated States (including those with whom cotton is hypothecated or pledged) in quantities exceeding 24 bales or boras of cotton, are required to take out licences by May 31, 1949 from the District Magistrate concerned. The conditions attached to the licence provide, among other things, for fortnightly returns to be submitted to the Licensing Authorities for each type of cotton held by the licencees.

We have pleasure in announcing substantial reductions in some of our soap prices. The following are the revised reasonable retail rates fixed by us.

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WASHING SOAPS	REVISED RETAIL PRICE PER UNIT
501 BAR SOAP	Rs. 1 3 0
LAUNDRY CHIPS 3 lb. bags	Rs. 2 15 0
TOILET SOAP	
HAMAM	Rs. 0 6 0
EAU-DE-COLOGNE SOAP	Rs. 0 9 0

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The Bombay Chronicle

"The injuries we do, and those we suffer, are seldom weighed in the same balance."

—C. SIMMONS.

HEADING FOR A SHOWDOWN?

We wish we could share the hope of those who feel that, as a result of the Commonwealth Conference and its agreement, relations between India and White South Africa would improve so much that they would exert a significant influence on the racial behaviour of the South African Government in general and particularly on its treatment of Indians in that country. There is little substantial justification for that hope. On the contrary, the recent marriage legislation sponsored by the Malan Government is a pointer in the other direction. There is another reason too why optimism especially of Englishmen is unjustified. The attitude adopted by their own British Government has consistently favoured White South Africa in the United Nations and elsewhere. Britain's policy of pro-White benevolent neutrality in the dispute with India and of positive support to the outrageous absorption of South-West Africa has tended to encourage Dr. Malan and his racial fanaticism. This is such an obvious truth that it ought to be clear to the meanest intelligence, though, of course, not to an intelligence that is consciously un-impartial and biassed. The London agreement is not likely to reform Dr. Malan or, for that matter, that great so-called statesman and internationalist, General Jan Smuts.

This brings us to an interesting comment on the Commonwealth agreement by the London Socialist Weekly the "New Statesman and Nation". Its anxiety lest Dr. Malan take advantage of the position conceded to India and declare South Africa a Republic is understandable. And we recognise the genuineness and sincerity of its fear that 'if all this happens all South African Liberalism will be completely dished. No one will be left to fight the Native battle when Dr Malan finally establishes his complete nationalist racial state". But where is "South African Liberalism", are General Smuts and his United Party the symbols and representatives of "Liberalism"? If that is so, then the "Liberalism" of Smuts and complete racialism of Malan differ only in degree. Both believe in and defend the sovereign supremacy of the White minority and both are agreed on keeping the destiny of the Natives and other coloured people eternally subservient to the needs and privileges of White overlordship. Malan's racialism is just more blunt and without the outward decoration of a veneer. No one among the Whites—with some stray exceptions—fights the Native battle unless it be the insignificantly small Communist Party. Therefore, it is irrelevant to say that "no one will be left to fight the Native battle". But it is quite likely that "Dr. Malan finally establishes his complete racial state". It would not make a tremendous difference to the Native, whose lot is already virtually as bad as in a "complete nationalist racial state". The Natives will not lose much. But there may well emerge a gain out of the move, which the London paper fears. Dr. Malan may, by establishing his "complete nationalist racial state" by the open and unblinkable formality of Parliamentary legislation, force the inevitable issue both inside and outside South Africa.

Food Grains Prices

Conferences on Food have been very frequent during the last few days but it remains to be seen whether the results are at all proportional to the labour involved in all these deliberations. Early last month we had a conference of agricultural scientists to consider the scientific aspects of food production. About the middle of the month we had a conference of agricultural officials to consider general programmes of production. And during the last two days there was a conference of Food and Agriculture Ministers to consider the same question and also that of control, with special reference to procurement prices. We must defer comment on the production programmes till they are finalised by Government. But a word needs to be said here about procurement prices of food grains.

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram stated at the Ministers' Conference that the prices had to be governed by three considerations: fulfilment of the plan of food self-sufficiency within the allotted period ending December 1951, a gradual reduction in the cost of living in which food grains played a very important part, and increasing the production of cotton to meet India's shortage of the commodity. All the three objects are important but the first obviously demands the highest priority. For if production is so increased as to make the country self-sufficient, food prices will automatically come down and that will tend to bring down other prices too. Now, increased production requires various means like better manure, better seeds and the cultivation of waste land but the cultivator is not likely to run any risks in this matter unless he is sure of a good price for all his labours and risks. If so, the Ministers should beware of the talk of lowering procurement prices in the interests of the consumers. That might create discontent among farmers and irresponsible Kisan leaders will not be slow to exploit them. The Madras Government rightly opposed any reduction as that would seriously affect its procurement programme as well as production. The Bombay Government too pointed out that its procurement was successful as a result of an increase in prices. It is, of course, desirable, as suggested by the Governments of Bombay and the Central Provinces, to conduct a scientific inquiry into the costs of production in each area. But care should be taken to see that the farmer gets a good return for his labours and risks.

These considerations apply generally to cotton cultivators also. There is at present a shortage in the commodity and it is necessary to meet it. Some Ministers pointed out that an increase in the prices of cotton would not necessarily mean increase in its production. That can be said of the production of food also. Prices, however, should be so regulated as to encourage the farmer to prefer the cultivation of food grains. Control is necessarily an intricate affair, demanding a careful balancing of comparative advantages. But, if emphasis is laid on better irrigation, manure, seeds, etc., the problem of prices is bound to be appreciably easier.

Educational Films

Promotion of audio-visual aids to instruction in schools and to social education is among the subjects which have engaged the immediate attention of the Government of India. The Ministry of Education has set up a Central Films Library and an Audio-visual Education Unit. It has, also, under consideration a scheme to undertake the production of educational films as a pilot project in co-operation with the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting. An encouraging feature of the project is that the Government proposes to encourage private enterprize and has decided to offer all possible help to commercial firms wishing to undertake the production of educational films. The Ministry of Education has, according to the news, received many representations from private producers for advice and support for their programmes of educational films. A panel of experts is being set up for the scrutiny of scripts submitted by private producers. Expert examination of scripts before the films go into production is essential to the selection of required subjects. It will spare the producers expenditure on films which might ultimately turn out to be unsuitable for educational purposes. Such a panel should be constituted not only for scripts submitted by commercial firms, but for the whole department for the production of documentary and educational films. The selection of subjects for documentary films should not be left to the official department for film production.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

HONGKONG, April 29 (UPA): Pan-American Airways today received a message from its Bangkok office asking it to suspend flights to the Siamese capital because of "political disturbances" there.

The message failed to disclose the nature of the disturbances but said it was not possible to proceed from the downtown area to the airfield.

*

Pleased with the Commonwealth conference decision, Mr. L. S. Amery writes in "The Times" of London: "May an old Secretary of State for India also pay his special tribute to the statesmanship of Pandit Nehru which has made so great a contribution to this happy outcome."

It only needs Lord Linlithgow to add his own special tribute in order to complete our painful embarrassment.

*

The British Press is very appreciative of Mr. Winston Churchill's reaction to the Commonwealth Conference, and says the Tory "Daily Telegraph" urges that "Mr. Churchill's helpful comments as Leader of the Conservative Party should be as widely noted as the agreement itself."

That's what rather worries us.

*

The Left-Wing "New Statesmen and Nation" is, however, concerned about the possibility of Malan following India. "If", it feels, "this happens, all South African Liberalism will be completely dished. No one will be left to fight the Native battle when Dr. Malan finally establishes his complete, racial state."

But won't that bring the inevitable final Day nearer?

*

In a farewell message, His Highness the Gaekwar of Baroda told his ex-subjects, "now that your future is being entrusted to the Dominion of India, I feel sure that your interests would be quite safe and sound in its hands.

Is it necessary for His Highness to "feel sure" of a certainty?

*

"I feel", adds His Highness, "relieved of a very great burden and responsibility; and more so, as I am putting you and your destiny into mightier hands."

Quite right. And we mostly sincerely wish his other brother Princes would follow the very wise and sensible lead of His Highness of Baroda.

*

The British United Nations delegation, says the U.P.A., now is willing to have the Spanish problem discussed in an effort to head off discussion for the time being of the Indonesian and South African-Indian problems.

The British United Nations delegation is running according to form.

*

Speaking at a music conference in Calcutta, Dr. Jadunath Sarkar, the famous historian, said it was a mistake to suppose that music was forbidden in Islam.

We refuse to offer any opinion or comment. We shall be guided entirely by the sole, authoritative ruling of Pakistan Government leader Liaquat Ali Khan—cum—Pakistan League leader Chaudhury Khaliquzzaman.

LEVYING REVENUE OUT OF DRUNKENNESS

What Sir Phirozeshah Metha Thought Of Old Excise Policy

We reprint two extracts from Sir Phirozeshah Mehta's speeches relating to the Excise policy of the Bombay Government which prevailed up to the time the Congress Government's initiated their Prohibition policy. Seeing that the main objection (or the most loudly expressed) relates to the "loss of Excise revenue, Sir Phirozeshah's downright condemnation of the policy of "levying revenue out of drunkenness" should be an eye-opener to those who are invoking his name against Prohibition.

A case in point has come under my personnal observation at Matheran, which has existed for 45 years without the need of a liquor shop having been discovered. Suddenly the rains before last, when nobody was on the hill, it was decided that a liquor shop should be started. When the time came for the people to go up to the hill they found this abomination flourishing vigorously and they also found that there was an increase of crime and disorder, and a representation was made to the Superintendent. The reason I have asked for the corespondence is that I believe it contains a report from the Superintendent that in consequence of the opening of the liquor shop there has been an increase of crime and disorder upon the hill. If that is part of the report, I can bear it out from my own observation. The opposition to this liquor shop came from no fictitous parties, but from the more respectacle visitors on the hill and those who occupy their houses permanently, and no greater mistake could have been allowed than to permit this establishment to be started.

I know we must bow to the decrees of Providence, that is to say, we must bow to the resolutions of Government, which are something like the laws of the Persians and the Medes; but I must say that the establishment of a liquor shop in a place like Matheran does not speak well for the bona fides of the spirit in which abkari administration is carried on in the Presidency. In itself a very small case, but it illustrates the arbitrary and selfish way in which revenue is attempted to be made out of the drunkenness of the people.

—SIR PHIROZESHAH MEHTA. in a speech in the Bombay Legislative Council on the budget for 1898-99.

MISCHIEF TO THE POOR

The Hon. Mr. James last year complained that the subject of the grog shop at Matheran was too small a question to be introduced into the Council. I do not see the point. It was introduced with the object of affording this grave Council an opportunity of seeing the way in which the administration of the Excise Department was carried out. The principle ostentatiously laid down in the rules issued by the Department year after year, is that its object was to restrict the consumption of liquor and not that of levying revenue out of drunkenness. In practice, however, the Excise was used for the purpose of raising a larger revenue.

I personally came across at Matheran an instance which convinced me of this. In this place a grog shop was established where for years there never was a grog shop. Every one of the visitors complained that it would be a source of mischief to the poorer classes of the inhabitants, but no heed was paid to the protest. Mr. James justifies the establishment for the grog shop on very sympathetic grounds, and I am delighted to see how sympathetic he really is. At a former Council he sympathetically said, 'Oh, let the poor man have his beer; the richer people must not begrudge the poor man having his beer.' I do not begrudge the poor man or the rich man having his beer or glass of wine, but I do begrudge the poor man the means of his getting drunk; and it was because drunkenness had increased to such an extent on the hill that disorder and misconduct had become rampant, that I am directing the attention of the Council to this little grog shop as it still remains there.

My honourable friend said it was required by the people who were established on the west parts of the hill; but his remarks have not convinced me. Although he has visited various parts of the country, I believe he has not visited that district, and I feel convinced that if he went there he would recognise that they did not require a grog shop. It is a mistake to encourage these people in habits of drunkenness, and for this reason it was that in the interest of these people I protest against the establishment in the station of that grog shop.

SIR PHIROZESHAH MEHTA. in the Bombay Legislative Council on the budget for 1899-1900.

HYDERABAD CONGRESS AGAINST ADVISORY COMMITTEES

Echo Of Sydney Cotton's Gun-Running Episode

HYDERABAD May 1 (UPI).—The Military Governor is reported to have conferred with certain Hyderabad State Congress leaders yesterday and ascertained their views on the proposed Advisory Committes for Government Departments.

The Congress reaction, it is stated, was not enthusiastic, and they are reported to have objected on grounds that the political leaders were not consulted on the subject prior to the announcement, and secondly that nominations from political parties had not been invited as groups.

Maj.-Gen. J. N. Chaudhuri, it is reported, is communicating the Congress view to the States Ministry.

The Hyderabad Scheduled Castes Federation also rejected the move for the formation of Advisory Committees.

REDS ATTACK ESCORTING POLICE

Two policemen escorting carts loaded with grain, were wounded in an attack by the Communists in Shirky Taluka of Atraf Balda District yesterday, according to information received here. The villagers came to the rescue of the police who, eventually, succeeded in putting them to flight.

Two Communists who were underground were arrested by the Nalgonda District Police, in co-operation with the City Police, from Rain Bazar, a congested locality of Hyderabad City, today. It appears they had sneaked out of Nalgonda, the Communist-haunted district, and sought asylum in Hyderabad city.

ARMS FIND AND ARRESTS

Swords and firearms were recovered from certain Arabs near Char Minor, predominantly Muslim locality, yesterday. A few arrests were made.

ECHO OF SYDNEY COTTON'S GUN-RUNNING

Seven Hyderabadis, officials and non-officials, are proceeding to England as prosecution witnesses in a gun-running case in a British court against Sydney Cotton according to reports current here.

Of these persons, four are army officers belonging to the State forces, two are civilians and one is a prominent citizen, who it is reported were aware of the activities of Sydney Cotton.

With the inclusion of Hakimpet and Begumpet aerodromes, Osmania University, Golconda, Malkajgiri, Jubilee Hills and an industrial belt under the jurisdiction of the Hyderabad City Police from today, the area under its purview will now exceed 40 square miles, it is reported.

TWO HYDERABAD OFFICIALS REMOVED FROM SERVICE

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 1 (UPI).—Mr. Hussain Hashmatullah, Municipal Engineer, Latur, has been removed from service under Rule 168 of the Hyderabad Civil Service Regulations.

Two other officials of the Hyderabad Government, one Customs Superintendent, Nanded, and the other 2nd Taluqdar, Division Udgir, have been placed under suspension.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Curious Reaction

With a fervour worthy of a better cause, the Editor of "March" in a signed article in the current number reprints a contribution by "Grumbler" on the economics of Prohibition and not only hails it as proof of a Congress newspaper writing against Prohibition but even congratulates the "Chronicle" on providing so striking a proof of the spirit of Sir Phirozeshah Mehta still manifesting itself. The article is interlarded with many jeers at Congressmen and a rather infantile repetition of the word "Shriyut" which seems to tickle the Editor and is evidently expected to produce a like reaction in its readers. In fact, everything Indian seems a huge joke for Mr. D. F. Karaka and the peak of this humour is reached when a reference is made to the saffron-white-and-green pencil of the "Chronicle" Editor. "Grumbler's" mock slogan "Drink the country back to prosperity" has been so seriously understood by Mr. D. F. Karaka that we wait the passing of the week-end with considerable anxiety. Though Karaka concludes by remarking that he is not attacking Prohibition but only drawing attention to the opposition expressed in a Congress newspaper, the ease with which he has fallen into "Grumbler's" hoax is revealing. We had thought that the assertion, "Prohibition will mean less money", would have made things plain to the meanest intelligence but apparently we had underestimated it.

A Sacrilege

All this, however, might be dismissed as wishful reading but the misrepresentation of Sir Phirozeshah Mehta (whose pencil sketch is reproduced to add insult to injury alongside the editorial effusion) is a gross exploitation of a departed national leader. The suggestion that Sir Phirozeshah would have opposed Prohibition, cannot be sustained by anyone who has the least acquaintance with the opinions of the man. We reprint two extracts from his scathing attack on the Excise policy of the Bombay Government which he aptly described as "levying revenues out of drunkenness." As the objection to Prohibition is generally placed on the effect of this social reform on revenue, it is unfair to assume that Sir Phirozeshah would have disassociated himself from the objectors. Certainly he would have been the last man to shed tears over the money "lost" by the abolition of liquor. It is peculiarly shameful to drag in Phirozeshah Mehta's name in this way.

Kashmir

The Indian stand on the Kashmir question, as reported in the press, is the only possible one. The demand for a withdrawal of the "Azad Kashmir forces" as a preliminary to the signing of the Truce Agreement cannot be questioned at this stage. The UN Good Offices Commission had observed at an early stage of its investigations that, whilst they recognized the existence of an "Azad Kashmir" political movement, they could not accept the "Azad Kashmir Government". The attitude was later virtually reiterated when they made their truce offer to the two Dominions. It should follow naturally from this that the "Azad Kashmir" forces, which on Pakistan's own confession were under the overall direction of the Pakistan Military, should first vacate Kashmir territory. The Indian withdrawal of troops was to be conditional on Pakistan's extricating herself and her forces from Kashmir territory and it has provided that the withdrawal would be regulated by conditions of returning peace and normalcy. Moreover, as the future of Kashmir and Jammu is to be decided as one unit, the UN Commission and its plebiscite administration can recognize only one authority over all Kashmir and that authority is the established Government. These are the bases on which the entire agreement regarding Kashmir has been negotiated—not without considerable accommodation on the Indian side. Now to ask the Indian Union to swallow the "Azad Kashmir forces" as well is to make an impossible demand. The Indian Government can in no way accept it. But what is to be said of the UN Commission which insists on pressing India harder and harder at the instance of Pakistan? It would be more straightforward to admit failure and leave matter for direct settlement unless Pakistan gives up its mounting pressures and follows peaceful policies.

Communist Violence

Communist violence is increasing in Calcutta and tending to be chronic. On Wednesday some Communist organised a procession in defiance of magisterial orders and when the police tried to stop it, three tram cars and two state buses were set on fire by mobs and a number of others were damaged by brickbats. Finally, police had to fire on the violent mobs, the latter indulged in throwing bombs and eight persons were killed and nine injured in the clash. Later it was found that five of the eight deaths were caused by the explosion of the bombs, and two or three by police firing. Similar incidents occurred the next day when fifteen persons including eight police men were injured, the most serious incident being an attack on a police lorry with crude bombs, including acid bombs resulting in injuries to most of its occupants. The situation was more under control on Friday but there was still an explosion in a tram car in which some seats were burnt, and a bomb was hurled at a passing police van.

Beware Of The Menace

Persistent incidents like these are obviously part of an organised subversive conspiracy, calculated and designed to defy the authorities, to provoke police firing, and then to use the firing to discredit the Government. The Secretary of the West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee points out that the Communists have "degraded society by using women as pawns". Government should deal with such subversive and violent acts with a firm hand and in a deterent manner. Else such acts will grow unto a serious menace to the peace of the whole country. It is a pity that some disgruntled politicians connive at the Communist outrages and only blame the Government for dealing with them firmly. We feel sure the peace-loving public will whole-heartedly support Government.

OUR READER'S VIEWS

Lokamanya Seva Sangha

Sir,—In your issue of Monday, April 25, 1949, has appeared an article under the caption of "An Urgent Need" on page 4. In that article you complain of the recent visit of the Hon'ble Mr. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power of the Government of India, to the Lokamanya Seva Sangh, Vile Parle. Mr. Gadgil visited the Sangh on April 24, 1949, and presided over the Silver Jubilee Celebrations of the Lokamanya Seva Sangha. In your above-mentioned article you have alleged that this Institution is a communal institution and that Members of Government should refrain from lending their names to communal associations. As Chairman of the Managing Committee of the Lokamanya Seva Sangha, I wish to point out that you are under some misapprehension regarding the character and nature of this Institution. It is not a communal organisation at all. The membership of the Lokamanya Seva Sangha at Vile Parle is open to any person who is above the age of 18 years irrespective of caste, sex or creed. I set out below the rule of the Lokamanya Seva Sangha as contained in its constitution regarding the membership of the Sangha which you will find on page 8 of our printed leaflet. It is in these terms:

MEMBERSHIP OPEN TO ALL

Membership is open to all persons, male and female, above the age of 18 and no considerations of caste or creed are observed. All the members meet on terms of equality and in a spirit of brotherhood.

This will dispel all doubts in your mind regarding the character and nature of the Lokamanya Seva Sangha. It is a Cosmopolitan Organisation whose membership is open to all irrespective of caste, creed or sex. It serves all residents of Vile Parle without any distinction of caste, creed, sex or political persuasion. On its rolls are members who are Muslims, Parsis, Sikhs, Jains, Jews, Christians and Hindus. The fact that the Lokamanya Seva Sangh is rendering service to the residents of Vile Parle irrespective of caste, creed or community was noted with satisfaction by Mr. Johnstone, Food Controller to the Government of Bombay, during his several surprise visits to the premises of the Sangha which has been doing the work of distributing rations to the residents of Vile Parle.

It is relevant to point out that this Institution is receiving regular grants from Government for some of its public activities, for instance (1) the Gymnasium, (2) Ladies' Tailoring Classes. The services rendered by these branches of the Sangha are being availed of by the General public of Vile Parle and each and every resident of Vile Parle is welcome to take advantage of the activities of the Sangha and its services which are mostly social, educational and cultural and founded on a co-operative basis.

Under the circumstances, I request you to correct the wrong and false impression created by your above article at your early convenience in fairness to this Institution which is doing yeomen service to the public.

—Yours etc.,

D. N. PATKAR,
Chairman, Lokamanya Seva Sangha.

MINDSZENTY TRIAL WAS 'PREJUDGED'

Cadogan's Charge In U. N. Against Hungarian Government

FLUSHING, April 30. (UPA)—Britain's Sir Alexander Cadogan declared in the United Nations today that the recent church trials in Hungary and Bulgaria constituted "grave infringements" on the human rights and fundamental freedoms of the defendants.

Cadogan charged in the General Assembly debate that the Hungarian Government had "prejudged" the trial of Cardinal Mindszenty "and more or less announced before hand he would be punished."

Cadogan's charges led to the second round of the West's attack on the two satellite nations for their conduct of the Mindszenty trial and the trials of Bulgarian Protestant religious leaders.

The Assembly met in a special Saturday session in an effort to reach a final vote late today.

The British delegate challenged statements made yesterday by Andrei Gromyko to the effect that defendants in Britain and the United States are prejudged by press and radio. He said: "I can assure Mr. Gromyko that so far as the United Kingdom is concerned, he is completely wrong", Cadogan declared. "That is not the point anyway. It was the Hungarian Government itself that prejudged the Mindszenty trial".

Cadogan doubted that the "confessions" of the churchmen were valid. He said they were obtained under suspicious conditions of complete secrecy.

Australian Ambassador Norman J. O. Makin argued that the penal codes of Hungary and Bulgaria prohibit 'proper defence of the accused"

Former Punjab Minister Dead

AMBALA, May 1. (UPA)—Sir Manoharlal, President of the Board of Trust of "The Tribune" and a former Finance Minister of the United Punjab, died at his residence at Cecil Hotel, Ambala at 2-30 p.m. this afternoon.

"API" adds:

The Premier, Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar said: "In the death of Sir Manoharlal the country has lost one of its foremost economists. He had a deep knowledge of economics and financial problems. He was undoubtedly a man of versatile ability and his passion for knowledge was almost his outstanding traits of character"

Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, Chairman of the Universities Commission, said: "I knew Sir Manoharlal for a very long time. He was a sound economist and was also a very able political worker. His death is a great loss to the Punjab"

Tara Singh Removed To Almora

LUCKNOW, May 1. (API)—Master Tara Singh, the Akali leader, who was brought to Lucknow from Banaras yesterday, was sent by car this morning to Almora where he will be lodged in the District Jail under the orders of the Government of India.

IN THE OPEN AIR

This is the season of Love-Apples, such a popular fruit with all children! The Love Apple or Jam tree belongs to the same family as the Jambhool and the Guava, and is an evergreen with fairly large, shiny leaves, which, by the way are the food of many caterpillars, notably those of the Silk-worm moth and of certain Processionary caterpillars which I have already mentioned in a previous note. The Branches of the Love Apple tree are inclined to be rather brittle and the trees in my garden lost their crowns as well as a number of branches in the storm last year. The trees are, however, remarkably hardy and have made a good recovery, and now they are full of flowers. These have white petals, but it is the large tuft of stamens with their long slender filaments which make the flowers look like so many powder-puffs on the tree. The flowers open at night and as they fade there is a veritable carpet of dried stamens on the ground around the tree. Then come the fruits, creamy-white and shiny. They are pearshaped, and their crisp flesh encloses a large seed in the centre. They are very juicy and refreshing in the hot weather, but personally I find them rather insipid in flavour, much to the delight of my children, who are only too glad not to have to share their treat with me!

D. R.

LOVE-APPLE

Tatas Bring Beighton Cup To Bombay

PUNJAB SPORTS GO DOWN FIGHTING BY ODD GOAL IN THREE

Leo Pinto's Gallant Goal-Keeping To The Rescue Of Bombay Side

CALCUTTA, May 1. (A.P.I.): Tata Sports, Bombay won the Beighton Cup Hockey Tournament today by beating Punjab Sports, a Calcutta side, by two goals to one in the final.

The start was somewhat dramatic, Punjab Sports opening the scoring in the very first minute. Straight from the bully off, Jagadish spurted down his way and sent in a beautiful centre for Sethi. Before the latter could connect properly, however, Carvalho was penalised for wrong use of the stick barely a couple of yards off the goal line. Following the resultant penalty corner Sarwan Singh, the Punjab Sports full-back beat Pinto with a rasping drive (1-0).

Play was soon transferred to the other end and the visitors forced a short corner, which, however, proved abortive.

BOMBAY TEAM EQUALISES

The Bombay team equalised in the ninth minute. Madan tripped Laurie Fernandes outside the striking circle. Getting possession from the free hit by L. Fernandes, J. D'Mello moved up in great style and crashed the Punjab Sports goal with a first timer that travelled with lightning speed (1-1).

BRAGANZA NETS MATCH-WINNING GOAL

Heartened by their success the Bombay team went all out but it was not before three minutes from the interval that they could succeed in scoring the the match-winner.

Gurdyal Singh, the Punjab Sport's left-half-back fouled Coutinho, near the midfield when the latter was moving up at a terrific speed. Madan stopped the ball from Coutinho's free hit near the goal line but the ball kicked up off the ground. Braganza lying handy, patted on the ball which caught the Punjab Sport's goalie napping (2-1).

PUNJAB SPORTS MAKE BOLD BID TO EQUALISE, BUT FAIL

The second half was barren and the local team, coming out the fresher lot after interval, kept on battering the Bombay goal for their equaliser. The Bombay and Olympic goal-keeper, Pinto bore the brunt of the Punjab attack during the concluding half in a gallant fashion with Carvalho and Gentle, the two full-backs, rendering him cover. The local team was unlucky in not having at least one goal during the second half.

Punjab Sports have been the "shock" team of the tournament this year beating well-fancied sides in earlier rounds. They came to the final by eliminating Measurers, Police A. C. Bombay's well-known St. Xavier's team, U.P. XI and Mohun Bagan. The Tata Sports' wins in their march to the final were over East Bengal, Sikh Regiment Centre of Ambala, and Port Commissioners, Calcutta.

The Beighton Cup Tournament is now in its fiftyfifth year. Last year the final remained undecided and Port Commissioner and U.P. XI were declared joint winners. Both the teams were eliminated this year, one by the Punjab Sports and the other by Tata Sports.

The following were the teams:

TATA SPORTS CLUB (BOMBAY): L. Pinto; H. Carvalho and R. S. Gentle; Perumal- G. Pereira and P. Ferrao; F. Coutinho, J. De Mello, L. D'Souza, A. Braganza and L. Fernandes.

PUNJAB SPORTS CLUB (CALCUTTA): Kulwant Singh; M. Kapoor and Sarwan Singh; Gurdyal Singh, R. Prakash and Indrjit Singh; Jagdish, Jaswant Singh, Saria Singh, J. Sethia and Harjinder Singh.

UMPIRES: S. Ganguly and D. Scott.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL
Cooperage

4-15 p.m. A.S.I.S. vs. Young Mohammedans (Summersgill Cup).

5-30 p.m. Indian Gymkhana vs. Burmah-Shell (2nd Quarter-final replay Nadkarni).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

3-45 p.m. Dockyard 'B' vs. G.I.P. Rly. 'B'.

4-45 p.m. G. B. Police vs. Ordnance XI.

5-45 p.m. Volkart Bros. vs. Khandoba Vijay (III Division Harwood League).

G.I.P. Rly. Ground, Parel.

4-40 p.m. Tata Mills vs. B. B. & C.I. Rly. 'B'.

5-40 p.m. Goan S.C. 'E' vs. C. De Canacona (IV Div.).

HOCKEY
Association Ground

5-45 p.m. Panchgani Parsis vs. Bombay City 'B' (Killedar Cup).

BILLIARDS
Islam Gymkhana

6 p.m. to 8 p.m. C. H. Adhikari vs. H. A. Durham (W. I. Billiards).

9 p.m. T. Brewer vs. V. N. Pathare (W. I. Snooker).

CLOTH RATIONING

SHIRTING of New Shorrock Mills, Nadiad, of about 26 inches width or so which was hitherto classified as fine has now been included in the medium and coarse variety of cloth for the purpose of weightage only. The selling price will be that of fine quality with a margin of 20% over the ex-mill price.

AMARNATH DENIES INTIMATION

NEW DELHI, May 1 (API): Lala Amarnath, replying to the statement by Mr. A. S. De Mello, President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, says, "no letter of intimation of my suspension, dated April 13, has been received by me. I am glad that the Board is going to release the chargesheet to the press on May five. I would, however, request the Board to permit me to reply to the charges, so that the public may know the truth of the matter."

INDIAN FOOTBALLERS MAINTAIN RECORD

Beat Strong Ceylon Side And Remain Unbeaten

COLOMBO, May (PTI-Reuter).—All-India Football maintained their invincible record in Ceylon defeating City League—the strongest representative side in the island—by one goal to nil in the last match of their tour here today.

SPAIN'S NO. 1 BEATS OLD-TIMER COCHET

British Hard Court Lawn Tennis Final

BOURNEMOUTH (Hampshire), April 30. (PTI-Reuter)—Pedro Masip, Spanish number one, today won the Men's Singles title in the British Hard Courts Lawn Tennis Championships here by beating Henri Cochet 47-year-old Frenchmen: 6-3, 4-6, 6-2 and 9-7 in the final.

MISS JOAN CURRY WINS WOMEN'S TITLE

In the All-British Women's Singles final Miss Joan Curry defeated Miss Jean Queter 3-6, 7-5 and 7-5.

Maharashtra's Ex-Captain Jadhav Wins Nasik Badminton Title

NASIK, May 1, (A.P.I.): The United Services Gymkhana Open Badminton Tournaments concluded at the Indian Security Press last night when the final match in the Men's Singles was decided.

The former Maharashtra Cricket Captain, Jadhav scored an easy victory over his rival, K. Tilay, with his superior courtcraft and well-calculated smashes. The scores were 15-13, 15-10.

Col. Chapman, Master of the India Security Press, presided and Mrs. Chapman gave away the prizes.

SIXTEEN TEAMS ENTER FOR AMBALA SOCCER

AMBALA, April 30 (API)—Sixteen teams have entered the National Challenge Cup Football Championship which will begin here from May one.

The entrants include the Bhagat Singh Memorial Club, Vijayawada (Madras) Gaya Sporting Club (Gaya) and Parsuram Club (Bikaner).

Owen in Mysore Tennis Final

BANGALORE, April 30. (API)—P. S. Seshadri (Madras) and A. E. Owen (Mysore) will meet in the finals to be played tomorrow in the Mysore Lawn Tennis Championship conducted under the auspices of the Cubon Court Club.

In the semi-finals decided today Seshadri beat Capt. Pathy (Mysore) 6-2, 6-0 and Owen beat M. V. G. Appa Rao (Madras) 6-1, 6-4.

The holder of the singles title of this tournament, B. R. Kapinapathy, was defeated yesterday by A. E. Owen in the quarter-finals 6-1, 6-0.

DENMARK WIN FIRST TWO SINGLES

COPENHAGEN, April 30. (PTI-Reuter)—Denmark today won the first two singles matches of their first round Davis Cup tie in the European Zone against Israel here. Kurt Nielsen beat Arieh Weiss 6-1, 6-2, 6-1 and Torben Ulrich beat Yehuda Finkelkraut 6-0, 6-1, 6-2.

LEAGUE CRICKET IN SOUTH OF ENGLAND

Success Of Venture Disputed By Leading Cricketers

LONDON, April 30. (PTI-Reuter)—Suggestions that League Cricket would be a success in the South of England have not been confirmed everywhere.

Brian Valentine of Kent has said such a move would ruin the county game, and cricket generally, and would not bring to light those newcomers who are always wanted in cricket.

A move to establish something on the lines of league cricket in Surrey failed to make any progress. Surrey had some time ago issued a circular in which they suggested that a competition might stamp out the present lackadaisical approach to the game and quoted examples of competitive cricket in the North where clubs in league competition on Saturday afternoons have a very successful time.

Not sufficient replies have been received to suggest there was a need for such cricket in Surrey; in fact there were some adverse criticisms from some Committee members and some of the largest clubs in the county suggested that this type of cricket was not wanted in the South.

Sussex laid plans for competitive cricket among clubs, some time ago but whether it will attain the success of league cricket in the North is open to doubt. As things are at present club cricket in the South is purely an amateur game but the advent of a league might introduce the occasional professional player to assist a team, just as occures in the North and nobody has ever suggested that amateurs in those northern teams infringe their status as amateurs because they play in teams with professionals.

Such could not very well happen as it would lead to a different outlook on the game when remembering that amateurs and professionals mingle for test match teams and ordinary county cricket.

In this connection cricket is unlike its big sister summer game lawn tennis which bans the mixing of the two classes.

Latest county to suggest league cricket is Essex and thiry clubs have met to discuss the possibilities. Tom Pearce popular Essex captain, thinks league cricket a good idea to benefit the game but he does not agree with the type which brings in professionals.

At least 60 Essex clubs were circularised, only three definitely turned down the idea while at least a dozen replied by return stating their willingness to join a league. So it seems that in some parts of the South there may soon be league cricket, if different, to the popular form it takes in the North.

COMPLETE ALL-ROUNDER

Denis Compton Shines In Soccer As Well

LONDON, April 30, (PTI-Reuter): After watching Denis Compton's performances for Arsenal in recent weeks it is not surprising that so many people hail him as the complete all-round sportsman.

Following so soon after his return from South Africa where at cricket, he covered himself with more glory, he soon showed that at football, he retained his cleverness. Naturally enough Compton has put on weight since the last football season—who would not after a few months feeding and living in South-African sunshine—but Compton proved, soon after turning out for the Arsenal, that his brain had not suffered through absence from the big ball game.

There were those who saw that Compton had slowed up a little and at times he stood near the touchline, smiling at the crowd and sometimes answering one of their sallies.

His colleagues, realising his soccer form, purposely avcided feeding him too much, fearing that he would not have the wing speed to carry on satisfactorily. But Compton proved them wrong, up to a point, by one particularly clever evasion of an opponent before slipping the ball into the centre to "make" a goal.

Compton is no believer in waiting for the ball to come to him. Often he will be seen going into the field to find it. That is why the cricketing fans, or many of them, would prefer to see their Denis give up soccer and concentrate on cricket in which he must have many years ahead of him. Compton himself will not be drawn. He loves both games, and would be lost without either. So it seems that he will, for many a season, be seen in his shorts during the winter and his flannels in the summer. Kipling may have referred to the muddied oafs and flanneled fools but Compton is happy in either company.

COALTOWN'S SEVENTH WIN IN A ROW

Adds $50,000 Race To His "Bag"

NEW YORK, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Warren Wright's four-year old Coaltown, a half-brother of the outstanding American colt Citation, scored his seventh consecutive victory this year by winning the 50,000 Dollars Gallant Fox Handicap at Jamaica, New York. There were six runners.

In twenty races Coaltown had won 15 and has been second three times.

Coaltown, starting favourite at four to two on, finished seven lengths ahead of Vulcan's Forge with Three Rings two lengths away third.

WILL "BROKEN TIME" INDUCE AMATEUR YOUNGSTERS TO CONTINUE CRICKET?

Australian Ideal Of Simply A "Cricketer" The Only Solution To Amateur-Professional Deadlock

LONDON, May 1 (PTI-Reuter).—It is becoming more and more obvious, that those days when a man could play regularly in cricket as an amateur, and not worry about anything else during the summer months, are fast vanishing.

Where there were dozens of such players between the wars there are only a few nowadays. Even George Mann, who captained the M.C.C. so successfully in South Africa, had hardly got his feet on English soil again, when he stated that he would have to look after business and spare less time for cricket.

Yet, amateurs are a vital necessity to the game, particularly if the policy is maintained of always being an amateur captain of England teams, a system, incidentally which most full-time professionals are believed to favour.

What is the solution? There are, of course, loopholes and it is possible to find amateurs one of those comfortable jobs which allow time for cricket; even those, however, are rare than was once the case.

Any country club can have as many Assistant Secretaries as it cares to sign and such men, so far as Cricket is concerned, would be amateurs, yet be paid for their Secretarial duties. Success of the county, regarding in its profits and gates would, of course, dictate how far such a step could be taken.

One solution to the problem is obvious to many Cricketers in England, but not apparently to the M.C.C. That is to abolish such terms as amateur and professional and let every player of the game be simply a cricketer.

Amateurs and professionals are never heard of, as such, in Australia but Sir Donald Bradman is no less an amateur than George Mann because of that.

There is a growing body of opinion in England that all cricketers should be paid for that time given to the game. There will always be that professional group whose living for twelve months of the year is playing or teaching and they would, naturally get an exorbitant salary. But there are those others who have business claims, but who can get the time off, provided they sacrifice pay, to play cricket during the summer.

If they had their income made up, by what sports nowadays terms "broken time" payments, it might solve much of the problem for amateurs continuing in cricket. One class it would help is the youngsters, who can afford a certain amount of time for the game, but who does not necessarily want to make it a fulltime job.

Yet when all arguments are thrashed out the Australian idea of simply "cricketer" seems to be ideal.

COUNTY CRICKET IN ENGLAND

LONDON April 30 (PTI-Reuter): Trevor Bailey, the Essex fast bowler, took a wicket with the first ball bowled in the 1949 first class cricket season. He dismissed Nigel Howard, Lancashire's new Captain, who, opening the M.C.C. innings against Essex, gave a catch to T. H. Wade, the wicket-keeper. This was the first meeting between the two clubs since 1897. Jack Robertson and Bill Edrich of Middlesex opened their account for the M.C.C. with a century partnership, Robertson scoring 95 and Edrich 57. A. C. Nutter contributed an unbeaten 76, enabling M.C.C. to declare.

Bad light handicapped the Essex batsmen and they had lost two wickets for only 27 runs at close of play.

R. Divecha, of Bombay University and Worcester, was out leg-before after scoring only two for Oxford University against Gloucestershire. He fell to Lambert, the fast medium bowler, who took seven for 93.

D. B. Carr, the Oxford batsman, celebrated the opening of the season with a fine century. His 131 and the South African C. B. Van Ayneveld's 78 enabled the University to reach 300 before being all out. The only other century of the day was scored by H. H. Rogers, who scored 115 for Hampshire in their friendly match with Sussex which finished today in a draw.

The following were the closing scores of county cricket matches played today:—

At Taunton: Somerset vs. Glamorgal (friendly match).

Somerset 204 (Gimblett 88, Hever six for 34) Glamorgan 27 for zero.

At Hove: Sussex vs. Hampshire (friendly two-day match drawn).

Sussex 267 and 124 for three declared.

Hampshire 227 for seven declared (Rogers 115, Bailey not out 60) and 61 for one.

At Lords: M.C.C. vs. Essex:

M.C.C. 378 for eight declared (Robertson 95, W. J. Edrich 57, Nutter not out 76) Essex 27 for two.

At Oxford: Oxford University vs. Gloucestershire:

Oxford University 328 (Van Ryneveld 78, Carr 131, Lambert seven for 93).

Gloucestershire zero for zero.

BURMAH-SHELL DRAWS AGAIN WITH INDIAN GYMKHANA

Lead Of 2-0 In Nadkarni Cup Football Replay Fails To See Them Through

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Burmah-Shell and Indian Gymkhana once again failed to arrive at a decision in the replayed quarter-final of the Nadkarni Cup played this evening at the Cooperage. Both teams scored two goals.

The Burmah-Shell though they were the better side nearly lost the match due to their over-confidence when they were leading by two goals to nil and their opponents taking advantage of this state drew on level terms and in the extra period of play they outplayed the Oilmen and should have clinched the issue of Venkatesh had not failed to score.

Indian Gymkhana forced the pace from the start and forced a corner which proved negative. But Burmah-Shell changed the complexion of the game when Murthy gave Rego a fine pass which the latter put into the right corner of the net. A few minutes later the Oilmen went further ahead when Peter scored from a flag kick. Parameswar in trying to head the ball clear accidentally put it into his own goal.

Half time found Burmah-Shell leading by two goals to nil. After the breather the Indian Gymkhana came out as changed team. They went into the attack as if they had received a new lease of life for within a few minutes of the restart P. K. S. Mani reduced the margin when from 40 yards out Angelo tried to pass the ball back to Santiago in goal but he shot very feebly and Santiago had to rush out to kick clear but he missed his kick and bull trickled to Mani who had little difficulty in crashing the ball into an empty goal.

Encouraged by this snap goal the Indian Gymkhana livened up the proceedings and Parameswar made ample amends for his gift goal to the opposing side by scoring the equaliser 10 minutes from the end of play.

Extra time was played to no purpose the Indian Gymkhana had the whiphand of the exchanges in these extra 10 minutes of play and all but gained the day when Venkatesh failed to connect properly with a pass from the left.

The teams were as follows:

BURMAH-SHELL: Santiago; H. Francis and Angelo; Noronha, Santan, and Anthony; A. F. Francis, Rego, More, Murthy and Peter.

INDIAN GYMKHANA: Vishvanath; Ramanand, Karunakar; Sundarashan, Parameswar, and Rajan; Venkatesh, P. K. S. Mani, Sunder Raj, V. Rao and Raghavan.

Earlier in the evening Karnatak Sporting Association 'B' beat Khar Young United by three goals to nil in the Summersgill Cup Tournament. The goal scorers were Kankera, Shetty, and Salian respectively.

ST. STANISLAUS WIN DR. VIEGAS CUP

Inter-School Hockey

BOMBAY, Sunday.—St. Stanislaus High School annexed the Dr. Viegas Cup when they beat Little Flower High School by two goals to one in the replayed Final played this evening on the B.P.H.A. ground.

St. Stanislaus were the better side on the day's play and enjoyed a major part of the exchanges throughout the game. They displayed better team-work and cohesion in their ranks than their opponents which was due mainly to the training they received from the Sports Fr. in charge of the team.

The Little Flower though having some good players in this ranks they believed in individual efforts rather than combine to take them past their opponents' defenders.

St. Stanislaus took the offensive from the very start and scored their first goal through Leslie D'Cruz. They continued to hold the upper hand but were unable to get the better of the rival defence in the matter of scoring.

Little Flower made desperate attempts to get on even terms with their opponents and their attackers tried every means possible to pierce the St. Stainslaus defence but they were only able to do so just a few minutes before the breather when Alex D'Souza secured the equaliser with a fine first-time shot off a pass from the right which the rival custodian had no chance of stopping.

The teams changed ends on level terms and after the resumption both sides were concerned in a gruelling struggle to score a goal for whoever did so was sure to run out winners. St. Stanislaus had a slight territorial advantage over their opponents and they forced a number of short corners all of which proved abortive. Ten minutes from the end of play they secured the all important goal when Michael Carvalho converted a short-corner the ball going into the goal of a defenders stick.

Thereafter Little Flower made numerous attempts to regain equality but the opposing defence held firm. Noel Rodriques their inside right had the mortification of seeing two of his attempts go flying past the upright.

PAREL SOCCER

BOMBAY, Monday.—The following are the results of the matches played this evening on the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel, in the Indian Football League and Harwood League.

Rainbow Sports Club beat Colaba New Star by five goals to nil. Michael, Beandra, S. K. Gopal one each, G. Babu two goals. Riders Sports Club drew with Bengal S.C. neither side being able to score.

G.I.P. 'C' beat Assonora Blues by one goal to nil in the IV Division of Harwood League. Anthony scored the only goal.

MULLA BEATS THAKERSEY

Wins 1st Inter-Schools Table Tennis Tournament

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Two of Bombay's leading junior players—Naval N. Mulla and Sudhir K. Thakersey, both of Bharda New High School—fought out a gruelling five-game final in the First Inter-School Table Tennis Tournament held by the Bombay High Schools Athletic Association.

These two old rivals played true to their form and an in an interesting and keen encounter, Naval Mulla got the better of his be-spectacled opponent to win the first Inter-School Table Tennis Title.

This is the first time that such a tournament has been organised, and judging by the response received this indoor game seems to caught the eye of the young school-going children.

The Tournament this year was held in the premises of the Saboo Siddik Technical High School at Byculla from 25th to 28th April.

The following Schools took part in the Tournament:—

Anjuman-i-Islam High School, Union High School, Aryan High School, Anandilal Podar High School, Bharda New High School, Ahmed Sailor High School, I. M. M. T. S "Dufferin" and Wilson High School.

KARMALLY'S NARROW VICTORY IN SNOOKER

Barrett Wins In W. I. Billiards

BOMBAY, Sunday.

In the Western India Billiards Championship, A. S. Barrett won his encounter with K. M. Dalal this evening at the Islam Gymkhana by 591 points to 392.

One of the closest ties in the Western India Snooker Championship decided so far resulted in a narrow victory for H. Karmally who got the better of a right player in R. K. Vissanji by two frames to one. Losing the first frame at 39-52, Karmally was not disheartened and playing with determination he won the subsequent two frames and the match. The scores in the last two frames being 61-40 and 59-55 in favour of the winner.

Czechoslovakia Beats Monaco

PRAGUE, May 1. (PTI-Reuter)—Czechoslovakia beat Monaco by five matches to zero in their first round European Zone Davis Cup tie.

Czechoslovakia, who held a decisive 3-0 lead yesterday, won the two remaining singles today.

Result: Jaroslav Drobny beat Alec Noghes 6-2, 6-2, 6-1 and Vladimir Cernik beat Georges Pasquier 6-1, 6-0, 6-4.

Czechoslovakia will meet Britain in the second round.

Ireland And Chile Win One Singles Each

DUBLIN, April 30 (PTI-Reuter): Ireland and Chile each won one singles on the opening day of the first round European Zone Davis Cup tie today.

C. Kemp (Ireland) beat M. Taverne 6-1, 4-6, 6-4 and 6-3 and R. Balbiers (Chile) beat G. P. Jackson 6-2, 4-6, 6-3 and 6-0.

The tie will be resumed on Monday.

Strong U. S. Contingent For Wimbledon

NEW YORK, April 30 (PTI-Reuter): The Wimbledon Champions, Bob Falkenburg and Miss Louise Brough will spearhead another strong United States challenge for this year's championships which begin on June

The official American squad for Wimbledon announced today by the United States Lawn Tennis Association consists of only four players, but more than a dozen others intend to compete.

The official team is: Falkenburg, Richard Gonzales, the reigning United States champion; Miss Brough and Mrs. Margaret Osborne Dupont.

Among the other Americans who intend to compete are: Ted Schroeder, Frank Parker, Earl Cochell, Gardner Mulloy, Budge Patty, Miss Doris Hart, Miss Gertrude Moran, Mrs. Pat Todd, Miss Shirley Fry, Mrs. Helen Rihbany, Miss Virginia Boyer, Miss Arvilla McGuire and Miss Gloria Butler.

Among the ten, Gonzales and Schroeder will be making their first appearances at Wimbledon.

FRANCE WINS DAVIS CUP FIRST ROUND

LUXEMBOURG, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): France gained a 3-0 lead in their first round European Zone Davis Cup tie against Luxembourg here today and thus qualified to meet Denmark in the second round. France won two singles matches yesterday and today H. Bolelli and P. Remy (France) beat G. Wompach and L. Wertheim (Luxembourg), by 6-2, 6-1, 6-1 in the doubles.

CZECHS WIN DAVIS CUP FIRST ROUND TIE

PRAGUE, April 30. (PTI-Reuter)—Czechoslovakia won their first round in European Zone Davis Cup—tie here against Monaco when they took the doubles today for a decisive thirty lead.

In this match Jaroslav Drobny and Vladimir Cernik beat Georges Pasquier and Alec Noghes 6-1, 6-2, 6-0.

Britain Wins First Round

LISBON, April 30 (PTI-Reuter): Britain beat Portugal by three matches to zero in their first round European Zone Davis Cup tie here today.

Tony Mottram and Geoffry Paish, (Britain), beat Jose Roquette and Jose Dasilva, (Portugal) 6-0, 6-2 and 6-1 in today's doubles match to gain a winning 3-0 majority.

Britain will meet Czechoslovakia in the second round.

France were two up at the end of the day in their first round European Zone Davis Cup tie with Luxembourg in Luxembourg.

Results: P. Remy, of France, beat L. Werthem, (Luxembourg, 6-0, 6-1 6-1. R. Abdesselam, of France, beat G. Wampach ,Luxembourg), 6-1, 6-2 and 7-5.

S. AFRICA LEAD 2-0 OVER NETHERLANDS

THE HAGUE, April 30. (PTI-Reuter)—South Africa gained a two/zero lead over the Netherlands on the opening day of their first round European Zone Davis Cup tie here today.

Results:

Eric Sturges beat Hansvan Swol 6-4, 63, 6-2.

Eustace Fannin beat R. Van Meegeren 6-3, 6-2, 6-4.

EVATT ON LIFTING OF BERLIN BLOCKADE

FLUSHING MEADOWS, April 30 (PTI-Reuter).—Mr. Herbert Evatt, Australian President of the United Nations General Assembly, told a press conference here today that there is "every reason to anticipate an end to the long-protracted and most dangerous Berlin dispute and an early lifting of the blockade."

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALES

1. PLACE OF AUCTION: Ordnance Clothing Factory, Shahajahanpur.
DATE AND TIME: 16-5-49 (Monday) at 9-00 A.M.
STORES: Surplus—Sewing Cotton Thread 3/10 Real (500 Yds.) 333 Nos.; Binding Prussian Khaki 1/2"—20211 Yads.; Web Cotton Kh. 2"—1336 Yds.; Petersham White 1¼"—20211 Yds.

Salvage—Cotton Cuttings —43000 lbs.: Jute Canvas 2750 lbs.; Serge & Woollens 33000 lbs.; Shirtings Angola—4131 lbs., Fabric W.P. 3" Rubberised—5140 lbs.; Defective and cut components of cotton and woollen garments; Sweepings mixed—54000 lbs.; other salvage stores viz., Hoop Iron Old—200 Cwts.; Ferrous Scrap — 140 Cwts.; Paper Waste and W.P. 180 Cwts.; Guny & Gunny Cuttings 30 Cwts.; U/S Ropes of sorts—488 lbs. and various other stores.

2. PLACE OF AUCTION: Ordnance Depot, Shahjahanpur.
DATE AND TIME: 17-5-49 (Tuesday) at 9-00 A.M.
STORES: Surplus—Waist Coat Hosp. Serge unlined—26,609 Nos.; Blouses R.W.A.F.F.—45,031 Nos.; Hats Slouch Padded Blue Drill—19,241 Nos.; Overall Blouses Deniem—13,439 Nos.; Overalls African 32 Nos.; Trousers K.D. 1939 Patt.—1561 Prs.; Legging M.C. Rubber-proof—19,499 Nos.; Sou-wester Oil Skin 1563 Nos.; Suits working H.B.T. 604 Nos.; Overalls Trousers Deniem 4757 Pairs.

N.B.—Any stores remaining undisposed at these places will be auctioned on 18-5-1949 if necessary.

AUCTIONEER: M/s. P. Stanwill & Co., Mahatma Gandhi Road, Kanpur, will conduct both the above auctions.

IMPORTANT:
(i) Conditions of sale will be announced at the time of Auction.
(ii) Any stores may be held back from auction.
(iii) Octroi/Terminal Tax where in force is payable by purchasers.
(iv) The stores can be viewed two days before the date of auction at the depot concerned.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS),
15/240, Civil Lines, Kanpur.
AC/RCDK/38.

L.A.S.

HOSTILITIES CONTINUE IN JAVA AND SUMATRA

U. N. Observers' Report: Dutch Control Confined To Main Towns And Roads

LAKE SUCCESS, April 30 PTI-Reuter): The U. N. Commission for Indonesia tonight published a report on the military situation there up to April 11 by on-the-spot United Nations observers. The Commission's conclusions were: "Throughout a great part of the former Republican territory the Netherlands controls only the main towns and roads. In areas of West and East Java which were under Netherlands control prior to December 19, 1948, there are concentrations of Republican forces

"Hostilities have continued in Java and Sumatra. While there have been variations in the scale of guerilla activities in different areas, there has not been any major change in the overall outcome of such activities during the past two months. During that period, there were military operations involving at least 200 men on each side. In such encounters modern weapons were used by both sides. In one case in an attack on Jogjakarta Republican forces amounted to approximately 1,500 men.

"There has been a tendency in some areas towards fragmentation of guerilla units. In addition to regular Republican army units there are such forces as Darul Islam, small armed bands of Communist extremists, irregulars and plain bandit groups".

"The population of Indonesia is being subjected to hardships because: (1) Civilian casualties are being suffered in the course of hostilities. (2) In some areas the maintenance of law and order continues and there is lack of personal security.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

(3) Although economic conditions have improved in some areas in others there are serious shortages. (4) In areas not under Netherlands control, there is a most acute shortage of medical supplies and in some cases of medical personnel. It appears to the Commission that economic recovery, the restoration of law and order and the cessation of law and order and only be achieved if there is an early overall political settlement".

The Commission also reported that its observers complained of some cases not getting full co-operation from the Dutch Military Commanders. Some of the population were also reported to be afraid to give information to the United Nations observers because it was said they have received threats from the local Dutch authorities.

Vijayalakshmi In London

LONDON, April 30 (PTI-Reuter): Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador-designate to the United States arrived in London tonight on her way to Washington. Mrs. Pandit stated that she will go tomorrow morning to Broadlands where her brother, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is staying with the Mountbattens. Mrs. Pandit who was accompanied by her daughter Rita, said she looked forward to her new task as Ambassador in Washington as a very important assignment at the present time.

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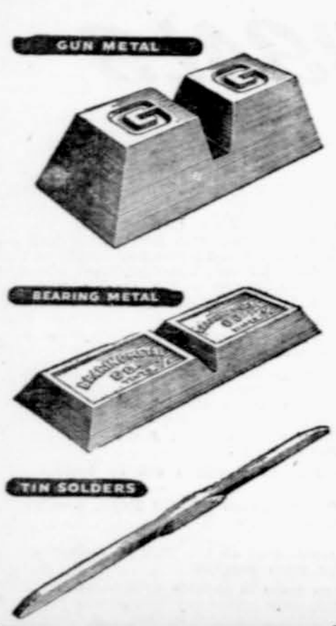

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NAGPUR, C.P.:
M/s. Abdul Hussain M. Alabhai, Bwari Bazar.
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M/s. Best & Co. Ltd., Post Box No. 63, Madras and their Branch Offices.
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Trouble At Paris Left-Wing Rally

ANARCHISTS STORM TRIBUNE

PARIS, April 30 (PTI-Reuter): Pandemonium broke out when anarchists stormed the tribune during a session of a non-Communist left-wing rally here tonight. As the anarchist demonstration started shouts went up from most of the 25,000 people who were present to commemorate "international day of resistance to dictatorship and war." When order had been restored New Jersey-born Garry Davis, self-styled" first citizen of the world "read out his world citizens pact."

"I love my Fatherland the United States but I am opposed to nationalism because they lead to war", he declared.

Earlier today, Dr. Karl T. Compton, Chairman of the United States Atomic Research and Development Board told the rally that he was a member of the Committee which advised President Truman to drop atom bombs on Japan in 1945.

G. D. BIRLA FOR LONDON

3 Months' Tour To Study Modern Industrial Methods

BOMBAY, May 1 (API): Mr. G. D. Birla, Indian industrial magnate, left Bombay by air for London this morning on his way to U.S.A.

Shortly before his departure, Mr Birla told the A.P.I. that he was visiting U.K., U.S.A., Canada and continental countries on a three months' study of modern industrial methods. He added that he would consider employing foreign technicians to implement India's industrial development.

Mr. Birla was seen off at the Santa Cruz airport by Mr. Dahyabhai Patel and other friends.

A. I. LABOUR CONFERENCE OPENS

Prof. Shah Criticises Govt. Policy

CALCUTTA, April 30, (A.P.I.): The All-India Labour Conference convened by the United Trades Union Committee opened its two-day session in Calcutta under the presidency of Professor K. T. Shah, member of the Indian Constituent Assembly.

Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose, a former president of the All-India Trade Union Congress and Secretary of the United Trade Union Committee, in his address to the Conference, stated that 236 unions with a merbership of nearly 3,50,000 had been affiliated to the new trade union movement.

Narrating the circumstances which led to non-Communist elements dissociating themselves from the All-India Trade Union Congress, Mr. Bose said that it had become increasingly clear that the Communist party was moved by the sole political object of creating confusion and chaos in the country.

PROF. SHAH CRITICISES GOVT.

Professor K. T. Shah in his presidential address said that promises were given by Congress leaders that after the achievement of "Swaraj" a Kisan-Praja-Mazdoor Raj would be established in the country. They were promised nationalisation of key industries and essential services and the abolition of zamindaris. But after two years of the transfer of power they were fully disappointed and disillusioned. Even in the Constituent Assembly there had been a betrayal of all that was promised during the struggling days of the Congress. What the leaders of the country did, slowly percolated among the people and the masses were gradually realising that they had been betrayed.

Criticising the industrial policy of the Government Professor Shah said that it was strange that because capital was not forthcoming, Government should surrender to the industrialists unconditionally. Their present policy was abject surrender to the capitalist and propertied class.

Pakistan Jute For Japanese Piecegoods

KARACHI, April 30 (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan today signed a draft trade agreement with a S.C.A.P. (Supreme Command Allied Powers) mission from Japan, under which the Japanese are to send a substantial quantity of spindles, light machinery, cotton and piecegoods in exchange for jute, cotton, wool, hides and skins. The agreement, still subject to ratification by both Governments followed talks which ended this morning.

Pakistan has still to receive 30,000 spindles under an agreement reached by a trade delegation under Dr. H. Ispahani which visited Japan last autumn. The S.C.A.P. Mission, which has been here since the third week in February, leaves for Tokyo tomorrow.

Assist India To Build Up Its Standard Of Living

NEW YORK, April 28, (PTI-Reuter): Once India surmounts the obstacle of insufficient food production she will be able to divert more of her energy into fulfilment of ambitious plans for industrialisation, Vice-President of the Westinghouse Electric International Company, Ivan F. Baker, declared today.

Addressing the International Section of the New York Board of Trade, he said that facing the most momentous times in her history "it is only natural India looked with great interest towards Whitehouse on January 22 this year when the 'bold new programme' was conceived.

"In these times when foreign markets are crumbling because of lowering of purchasing power in dollar it is absolutely essential that we assist a highly organised country like India to build up its standard of living", he added.

'BRAINS TRUST' FOR VIETNAM GOVT.

Gen. Xuan Consults Bao Dai

SAIGON, April 30 (PTI-Reuter): General Nguyen Van Xuan, President, of the Vietnam provisional Central Government said today he did not think Vietnam would have peace before the Franco—Vietnamese constitutional agreement becomes "an effective reality."

General Xuan was speaking at Dalat, holiday resort 120 miles north-west of Saigon, temporary residence of Ex-Emperor Bao Dai and present seat of the Provisional Government.

"Bao Dai and my Government will profit by the delay before ratification by the French Parliament of the statute for the Union of Vietnam to prepare a provisional constitution," he said.

In the Provisional Constitution now being studied he foresaw provisional Assemblies for Annam and Tonkin and enlargement of the present south Vietnam Assembly by new election—based on councils of local notables, business men and intellectuals.

General Xuan, who had consulted Bao Dai several times, said he would combine personalities of his Government with members of the Ex-Emperor's Cabinet, to form a "Brains Trust" to carry on the Government of Vietnam provisionally. He would hand Bao Dai the collective resignation of his Government after the French decision on the Franco-Vietnamese agreement.

General Xuan said he had contacted the Indo-Chinese autonomy movement (Vietminh) several times with Bao Dai's agreement. "Places will be reserved in the future Vietnam Government for members of the resistance who join us", he added.

Bao Dai's mother, the former Empress mother, was expected to visit Bao Dai today and M. Leon Pignon, French High Commissioner in Indo-China, was expected to visit him on Monday.

TWO KINDS OF TIME LIKELY

Earth's Rotation Getting Slower

PHILADELPHIA, April 29, (UPI): The world is about to face a choice between two kinds of time, Sir Harold told the American Philosphical Society in Philadelphia, because the earth's rate of rotation is getting slower.

Time had altered since the days of Babylon, because the earth now took longer to rotate, he added.

The slowing process would go on and eventually the earth would take 47 of the present days to rotate on its axis.

Sir Harold said that although this long day was too remote to be important now, its beginning had become apparent.

Until now the clocks had not been accurate enough to be affected, but the new atomic clock about to be built at Washington would differ from the time shown by the present Greenwich methods of relying on the earth's rotations.

Atomic clocks would be correct. Mother earth would be wrong.

He explained that the slow-down was due partly to the drag of tides in shallow seas. The moon raised the tides, and he compared the effect to the moon using a rope to hold back the earth.

RAILWAY SERVICE FOR BANAS KANTHA

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD (By Mail).

Though the Banas Kantha District is the largest in area in he whole of Gujarat, in fact twice the size of Ahmedabad district, it has neither Railways nor telegraph offices except at two or three places. The most urgent need of the people of Banas Kantha is the Railway which would pass through the centre of the District.

The new Railway line from Kundla to Ranivada has been surveyed but the actual construction would have taken some time had it not been for the strenuous and repeated efforts of the district authorities and leading Congress workers of Ahmedabad. Fortunately, this new railway line work is going to be definitely started within the next 2 or 3 weeks.

A conference in this connection was held at Palanpur presided over by the Collector of Banas Kantha which was attended by the Dy. Chief Engineer B. B. & C. I. Rly., and the Executive Engineer Banas Kantha and other important officers. After discussing the whole matter regarding the provision of labour, tools and hutting arrangements the Railway authorities were assured of the co-operation from the local officers as well as the leaders of the people.

The starting of this work from Piprala to Bhabhar about the middle of next month will be red letter day in the annals of history of Banas Kantha.

"Nai Taleem" Centre In U. P.

LUCKNOW, May 1. (API)—A "Nai Taleem" centre which will impart training in constructive programme and basic education will shortly be opened at Shravatic, in Gonda district.

About 100 acres of land for the construction of buildings for the centre have been donated by the Balrampur Raj, the Premier Taluqdari State of the U.P.

A Sarvodaya Mela will be held at the same place during the second week of May for exhibition of products of local cottage industries.

Pakistan Letter

DACOITS AND POLICE IN ARMED CLASH

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, April 28: News of an armed conflict between a gang of dacoits and the Police party have been received from Tando Bago, district Hyderabad (Sind.)

On getting information that two well-known dacoits named Manthar and Variam Khaskheli were taking shelter in a nearby village, a party of the Sind Rifles Police surrounded the place at about 8 p.m. For nearly two hours a pitched armed conflict ensued after which both the dacoits were shot dead as they tried to escape.

Police thereafter recovered a good number of arms and ammunition from the place. Before trying to escape, the dacoits are reported to have set fire to some bundles of currency notes, mostly of Rs. 100, and the Police were able to recover some of their burnt pieces.

CLEARING CAPITAL OF ROWDY ELEMENTS

The Administrator of Karachi, it is learnt, has since some time been clearing the Pakistan Capital of the rowdy elements and uptil now over three hundred persons said to be responsible for numerous crimes in the city have been ordered to leave Karachi.

These persons have been described as 'Goondas' and are mostly Punjabi Muslims who had come here after the establishment of Pakistan.

RESENTMENT AMONGST STATE BANK EMPLOYEES

A sort of warning has been issued to the authorities at a mass meeting of the employees of the State Bank of Pakistan that unless they stopped their policy of employing new and inexperienced hands for the higher posts, the employees will be compelled to resort to strike.

It will be recalled, much resentment is being felt amongst these employees since some time as the Government of Pakistan has been appointing new hands on the higher posts over the heads of the experienced hands and thus jeopardise the latter's interests. rests.

TEA COMMITTEE MEETING IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, April 30.—The second meeting of the Ad Hoc Committee on Tea constituted by the Government of India under the Chairmanship of Shri K. K. Chettur, Joint Secretary, Ministry of Commerce, to enquire into various problems facing Indian tea industry and trade took place here yesterday in the office of the Tea Controller for India.

The main item on the Committee's agenda for this meeting was the issue of a questionnaire to organisations associated with the industry and trade in order to elicit their views and opinions on matters under consideration. The draft questionnaire compiled by the Government of India was placed before the Committee for consideration. This was accepted with certain minor amendments and will be issued in the course of the next few days.

Moneylenders Act Applied To Kolhapur

The Bombay Moneylenders Act, 1946 willcome into force in Kolhapur State from May 1, 1949. For the purposes of the Act, the Government of Bombay has apointed the Chief Administrator of Kolhapur as the Registrar of Moneylenders and the Mamlatdars and Mahalkaris as Assistant Registrars of Moneylenders within the areas of their respective jurisdictions.

Mahakosal News Letter

BILASPUR CONGRESS CHIEF SUSPENDED

Veteran Congress Workers Asked To Tender Apology: Echo Of Municipal Elections

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, April 28:

Messrs. J. P. L. Francis, B. Dawoo Madanlal Tewari and four other office-bearers of the Mill Mazdoor Sangh, Rajnandgaon, who had been arrested and prosecuted and sentenced to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment each by a magistrate of Rajnandgaon in connection with the observance of "Anti-Repression Day" on September 25 last, and whose conviction was upheld in appeal by the Sessions Judge, Drug on April 19, have been ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 200 each by Mr. Justice C. R. Hemeon, Judge of the Nagpur High Court, pending the decision of the appeal in the High Court.

LETTERS DELAYED

The introduction of the "ALL UP" Mail since April 1 has, instead of coming as a boon to the public of this district, been proving itself as a source of great inconvenience and handicap to the people who are used to correspondence. Before the introduction of this system and enhancement of the postal rates, the people used to receive their letters from Bombay and Nagpur the next day of their postings. There is no air service between Nagpur-Jubbulpore and Allahabad. In the absence of the air service, the letters posted from Bombay and Nagpur are now received here on the third and fourth day of their postings. The letters are carried by air from Bombay to Nagpur and therefrom they are brought here either by rail or motor service and this causes uncalled for delay in the delivery of the letters at Jubbulpore.

DUBE BAILED OUT

Shri Ramadhar Dube, a veteran Congress worker and a member of the Jubbulpore District and the Sihora Tehsil Congress Committee, has been arrested at Sihora in connection with the alleged shortage of funds and mismanagement of the affairs in the Agricultural Co-operative Society and the multi-purposes society, Sihora of which Shri Dube was the chairman. It is alleged that there is a shortage of about Rs. 65,000 in the accounts of these two societies due to the alleged negligence of their employees and the office-bearers. The Provincial Government had entrusted the matter to the C.I.D. police for investigation and as the results of the investigation the arrest of Shri Dube was effected. Shri Dube has been granted bail pending further investigation.

CONGRESSMEN ASKED TO TENDER APOLOGY

Shri M. K. Chitale, President, the District Congress Committee, Bilaspur, has been suspended for four years from holding Congress elective posts, while Messrs. Dr. R. C. Rai, President, the Bilaspur Municipal Committee; and Chintamani Rao Otalwar, vice-President, Municipal Committee, Purshottam Bhai Patel and Yadu Nanda Prasad Shrivastava, all veteran Congress workers of Bilaspur have been directed to explain their conduct and tender an unconditional apology by May 9. Shri Thakur Chedilal, N. Barrister-at-law, M.L.A. formerly, President, the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress and a member of the A.I.C.C.; Dr. Jwala Prasad Mishra, M.L.A.; Kunwar B. Bhaskar Singh; Raj Kishore Verma; Krishna Lal Chaturvedy and Dr. Deoras, all staunch Congressmen were also recommended for suspension for certain periods by the Congress Inquiry Committee, but were later on exonerated by the Provincial Congress Working Committee. The charges against these Congress-workers were that they had set up their own candidates to contest the municipal elections at Bilaspur and worked actively for the defeat of the candidates set up by the Provincial Congress Election Board.

ACUTE SHORTAGE OF SALT

There is an acute shortage of salt in Jubbulpore for the last six weeks, and this fact was brought to the notice of the Deputy Commissioner, Shri R. R. Bahl, I.C.S., when he invited a meeting of the salt importers and dealers in salt in his office on Friday last to review the position of the salt in the district. It was revealed at the meeting that of the 4,000 bags of salt which were earmarked for the consumption of the people and cattle in the district, there were left only 600 bags in the stock on Friday last. Of the 3,400 bags said to have been disposed off by the dealers, only 700 bags were despatched to the interior and the rest of them were sold out in Jubbulpore city alone. The monopoly of the salt import is being enjoyed exclusively by three businessmen. These importers have got an alliance with the Salt Dealers' Association of which a Congressman who holds an office in the City Congress Committee, Jubbulpore, is the chairman. This Association distributed the salt at its sweet will among the persons of its choice disregarding the needs and requirements of other consumers and a majority of these "favourites" sold the salt to the consumers at the black-market rates.

BROKEN SHIP IN RIO BAY

Brazilian Inquiry To Commence On Tuesday

RIO DE JANEIRO April 30. (PTI-Reuter)—Admiral Antonio Guimeraea, Brazilian Director of navigation and Hydrography, said here today he believed it would be possible to tow into port the sections of the 17,500-ton British Royal mail liner "'Magdalena' which broke in two in Rio Bay on Tuesday.

"The "Magdalena's" engines suffered no serious damage", he said.

The Brazilian authorities inquiry into the disaster opens on Monday afternoon. Date of the opening of the British official inquiry has not yet been fixed.

Representatives of Lloyds were today inspecting the stern part of the "Magdalena", now manned by members of her own crew.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Surplus Stock Of Japanese Cloth In Japan

REDUCED PRICES

Offers are invited for the purchase and removal of Japanese manufactured cloth of Code Nos given below held in stock in Japan by the Government of India. Particulars of cloth and Reserve prices are detailed below:

Code No.	Description of cloth.	Approximate quantities available (in yards)	Reserve price per Yard Cents.	Sterling L-Sh-D
2002	Print Cloth Grey 30"	7,300,000	18	O-O- 10.8
2003	Print Cloth Grey 38"	300,000	24	O-I- 2.4
2004	Print Cloth Grey 44"	10,000	28	O-I- 5.1
2022	Sheeting Grey 36"	4,000,000	23	O-I- 1.8
2023	Sheeting Grey 36"	15,100,000	26	O-I- 3.6
2024	Sheeting Grey 36"	1,700,000	26.5	O-I- 3.9
2042	Jeans Grey 30"	3,200,000	54	O-I- 2.4

Last date for receipt of tenders: 24-5-1949.
Date of opening of tenders: 25-5-1949.
Offers to be kept open up to: 25-6-1949.

Only offers at or above the Reserve prices will ordinarily be considered In case there are quantities available for sale after meeting such offers, tenders at slightly lower prices may be considered provided (i) the total quantity offered to be purchased is not less than 5 million yards and (ii) the tender is accompanied by an Earnest money deposit of Rs. 50,000/-

Export to any country except South Africa will be permitted. Usual Import duty applicable to the goods imported from Japan will be payable if the goods are brought into India for sale.

Processing of goods in Japan, or in India under Customs bond before re-export, will be allowed and necessary exchange facilities will be recommended in the former case.

Government of India may also relax the conditions regarding the surrender of foreign exchange earnings of the country of destination, except in case of exports of cloth to hard currency areas.

Preference will be given to offers which include Code Nos. 2002 and 2023

All tenders should be accompanied by a receipt for 5 per cent of the total price offered or Rs 25,000/- whichever is less, deposited as "Revenue Deposit" in favour of the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India, Bombay, in Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury. Drafts on other Banks, Cheques and Cash will not be accepted and may entail rejection of the tender.

Samples of above cloth and other particulars regarding conditions of sale, can be had from the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India, Bombay. (Section CYC-22).

Sealed tenders in double covers both superscribed "CYC-22/Jap Cloth" should be sent to the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India, CYC-22 Section, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender forms can be obtained from the Textile Commissioner, Bombay on payment of Rs. 10/- per set (non-refundable).

Issued by

THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

A.C. 15

Malan Says He Has No Dispute With India

REFERS TO PROBLEMS OF SETTLERS AS DOMESTIC

S. Africa Does Not Plan To Leave Commonwealth

GENEVA, April 30, (P.T.I.-Reuter): Dr. Daniel Malan, Prime Minister of South Africa, answering questions at a press conference here tonight, said that South Africa regarded the problem of her Indian inhabitants as domestic. So far as the Union was concerned, there was no dispute between the two countries, he said.

MALAN OUTLINES UNION POLICY:

DR. MALAN OUTLINED TO CORRESPONDENTS THE GUIDING PRINCIPLES OF HIS POLICY AS HEAD OF THE UNION GOVERNMENT. HE SAID THAT NATIONALIST PARTY BELIEVED THAT THE REPUBLICAN FORM OF GOVERNMENT WAS "BEST SUITED TO THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF SOUTH AFRICA" THE FIRST PRINCIPLE WAS TO BUILD A UNITED NATION IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Other aims of his policy were: To maintain the sovereign independent Status of South Africa as a member of the Commonwealth; To maintain "weaker European civilisation" in the Union on the basis of parallel development of white and non-white people.

"South Africa has of course, as I have stated recently, no intention of leaving the Commonwealth so long as there is no infringement of her rights as a sovereign State, even her right to become a Republic", Dr. Malan said.

ELECTION PLEDGE

Asked whether South Africa was interested in a constitutional arrangement similar to that recently concluded by Commonwealth Prime Ministers regarding India, Dr. Malan referred to his election undertaking of 1948. He said his Government would take no steps to make South Africa a Republic without first specifically referring the question to the electorate in a general election on a referendum.

Discussing immigration, the Prime Minister said South Africa welcomed immigrants from Western Europe but desired selection with a view to the country's special requirements.

I. N. T. U. C.'S TASK TO FIGHT RED IDEOLOGY

Harihar Nath Shastri On Workers' Say In Retrenchment

PATNA, May 1 (UPI).—Emphasising the need for unity in tactics and ideology, Pandit Harihar Nath Shastri said that so far the Unions had been the unresisting instruments of conflicting political ideologies. There was no political ideology which motivated the INTUC, he said, except truth, nonviolence and democracy, which it adopted as its working principles.

Pandit Shastri who was speaking at a press conference here yesterday, explained how, during the last two years, INTUC had been able to make much greater progress than the Indian Labour movement had been able to do during the thirty years of its history.

The INTUC could today boast of a membership of twelve lakhs of workers.

INDUSTRY-WISE ORGANISATION

The object of the INTUC, he said, was to reorganise the Labour movement on an industry-wise basis, so that it could be possible to regulate working conditions on a uniform basis. The first step in reaching that objective, he said, was the formation of Centralised Industrial Federation.

Expressing great concern at the way the Communist leadership of the Labour movement in West Bengal was endangering the freedom of the country, Pandit Shastri said that the only check to this trend lay in the proper functioning of the INTUC. This problem was common to all Asian countries, he added, and the Asian Youth Conference to be held at Indore, which would be attended by working class representatives from several Asian countries, would evolve a common solution.

DEPRESSION AHEAD

The President referred to the economic depression in the country and retrenchment of Labour that had already been started in some industries, and expressed the view that he was not convinced that retrenchment was really necessary, though possibly it might become necessary in the near future.

Even in that case the working class and not the industrialists, should decide upon the extent of retrenchment, so that the Government might be in a position to regulate retrenchment in a factory, he said.

At the same time, Pandit Shastri said, care should be taken to ensure that the retrenched workers found alternative employment, or if that was not possible, then the working hours in each industry should be reduced so that a larger number of workers could be employed.

PEASANT PROBLEM

Pandit Shastri, in conclusion, said that the greatest labour force of the country was the agricultural proletariat, which, unfortunately, had no organisation worth speaking of in comparison with the industrial working class. He announced that the INTUC would be very shortly drafting out a programme for tackling this problem.

SEVEN LAKHS FOR GANDHI FUND

Karnatak Donations During Rajen Babu's Tour

TANJORE, May 1 (API).—A sum of Rs. 7,09,428 was presented to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Gandhi National Memorial Fund in his tour of Kannada-speaking area. He was also presented with several silver and sandal wood caskets with statues of Gandhiji.

He received in Karnatak 1,185 hanks of a Charka yarn at Kaladigi on way from Belgaum to Bagalkot from women spinners there. On an average it takes about three hours to spin the standard hank and the spinners had put 3,555 hours of labour for their gift to the memory of Gandhiji.

Handloom Cloth By Post

CALCUTTA, May 1. (A.P.I.): The Government of India have exempted from April 30 all India postal articles containing handloom cloth from the provisions of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (transmission by post) Prohibition Order, 1946.

Announcing this, a Postal notification says that handloom cloth does not include garments or other articles of personal or domestic use made wholly or principally from handloom cloth and senders must give a declaration on the outer cover of postal articles that the cloth is handloom cloth.

SCIENTIFIC ENQUIRY INTO COST OF CULTIVATION

Delhi Food Ministers' Conference Suggestion: Fixation Of Price Levels For Kharif And Cotton Postponed

NEW DELHI, May 1 (API): The Conference of Provincial and States' Ministers of Agriculture and Food concluded today without fixing 1949-50 price levels for Kharif grains and for cotton.

They recommended to the Government of India that the price levels for Kharif grains and cotton should be fixed after the prospects of the crops were known. It was felt that it was too early to determine the prices at present.

The Conference generally agreed that all encouragement should be given to grow better varieties of cotton, and cotton prices should be fixed in a manner which, while bringing into cultivation lands which were formerly under cotton but are at present lying fallow, would not divert land from foodgrains.

FOOD PRODUCTION PLANS

The Ministers exchanged views and experience regarding food production plans in the different areas and suggestions were made to stimulate efforts for achieving the goal of freedom from imports of foodgrains by December 1951. It was generally stressed that the two main bottlenecks of supply of materials such as iron, steel, cement and coal and facilities for movement of these materials should be removed.

The Ministers expressed their confidence that with the co-operation of the Central Government, the 1951 target could certainly be achieved.

SYSTEM OF FIXING PRICES

It was agreed that the Government of India should undertake as early as possible a scientific enquiry into the cost of cultivation, though it was recognised that this was likely to take some time. Pending the result of such investigation, the present system of fixing prices after considering the conditions prevailing in different areas, the desirability of reducing the cost of living and the paramount need for increasing food production might be continued.

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Minister for Food and Agriculture, Government of India, suggested in his concluding remarks that the Provinces and States should let the Central Government know within the next two or three weeks their requirements of materials and transport. That would enable them to chalk out a definite plan.

SHORTAGE OF NAVIGATORS IN R. I. A. F.

Training Flight Inaugurated At Jodhpur

NEW DELHI, April 30. (API)—An air navigators' training flight has been accomplished at the R.I.A.F. Elementary Flying Training School, Jodhpur, to overcome the shortage of navigators in the Royal Indian Air Force.

Dakota aircraft are being specially fitted with seats, desks, instrument panels, maps and chart boards to serve as flying class rooms. The syllabus will conform to British standards.

Flight-Lieut. C. H. Naire, who has been selected the first Chief Instructor of the Training Flight, is a graduate from the Empire Navigation School, Shawbury, England and has considerable experience in navigational training. He will be assisted by Flying Officers S. L. Mathur and P. N. Mukherjee, both U.K.-trained navigators.

Pakistan Bank Employees Hold Demonstration

KARACHI, April 30. (PTI-Reuter)—Non-gazetted employees of the State Bank of Pakistan staged a brief demonstration before the Bank's General Directorate this evening.

The major demands of the employees, are recognition of their association, stoppage of direct recruitment with regularised promotions, and confirmation of the existing staff, provision of household accommodation, and medical facilities and fixation of the office hours.

Two Lakhs Worth Cotton Seeds For Gujrat Cattle

RAJKOT, April 30. (API)—The Saurashtra Government have earmarked Rs. two lakhs for distributing cotton seeds to cattle in privately run cattle camps, Gaushalas and Panjropoles in the scarcity areas, it is learnt here.

It has been decided to give three pounds of cotton seeds per head daily to cattle in such camps.

"FREE" COMPETITION IS DEAD

Tariff Board President's Call For Realistic Approach To Nation's Economic Problems

POONA, May 1 "In a world torn by two revolutionary Powers, the one using ideological and the other technological weapons, we must bring to bear a scientific outlook on our fundamental economic problems, steering between unregulated and unrestricted capitalism on the one hand and a totally regimented state on the other" observed Mr. G. L. Mehta, President of the Indian Tariff Board, here today, inaugurating the 1949 "Spring Lectures' Series" founded nearly seventy-five years ago by that pioneer of Indian economics, Ranade.

ECONOMIC CONCEPTIONS

Prefacing his speech with the remark that we must at least preserve competition in ideas and free enterprise in the realm of knowledge, Mr. Mehta subjected some of the economic conceptions and theories prevailing in our country today to a searching scrutiny. He pointed out that no economic policy was right for all time and even the translation of economic ideas in terms of a policy was by no means easy. The vicissitudes of democratic politics impeded the application of policies which might be necessary. He also stressed that the doctrine of free competition and a self-regulating system of markets had lost much of its relevance today because social objectives, national policies governmental controls and labour movements robbed the classical theory of its symmetry and simplicity.

LACK OF PERCEPTION

The unreality which surrounded the current controversies over economic freedom and governmental controls, Mr. Mehta proceeded to observe, was largely attributable to a lack of a clear perception as to whether freedom was the only moral value worth recognising and how far such freedom was actually enjoyed by the vast majority of people. Moreover, individual freedom had to be balanced against other social objectives such as justice, development, security and efficiency. Mr. Mehta emphasised the need for a proper elucidation of such economic abstractions as "class struggle," "exploitation", "vested interests," and "profit motive," so that a realistic picture of the country's economy could be presented to the unwary and uninformed citizen who was often apt to the swayed by bias, self-interest or group interest.

Illustrating how policies had to be related to the resources of the nation and needs of the people and the conditions of the time, Mr. Mehta pointed to Socialist Britain where nationalised industries had to face the problem of wages and costs as well as to Communist-controlled regimes like Czechoslovakia where wages had increased more rapidly than production. "Economic facts cannnot always be defied with impunity," added Mr. Mehta.

STATE ACTION

But he made it clear that there was no going back to "LAISSEX FAIRE". "Deliberate action by the State," he asserted, "has a positive role of key importance in the economic system," and he cited the philosophy of Government's programme in the home of free enterprise, the United States of America, where it had been recognised that the Government was the only instrumentality that could balance the needs of agriculture, industry and labour and provide the necessary framework for the economic activities of individuals and groups.

INDUSTRY AS SOCIAL UNIT

"The alternative to a planned economy is not some paradise of free enterprise, all-round de-control, and unfettered competition; if nothing else, the new consciousness of labour and the movement for the economic emancipation of the 'have-nots' will make that impossible. Adult franchise is bound to bring with it a demand for public guarantee of individual security, of a wider diffusion of economic welfare. "Free" competition in the accepted sense of the word is dead. Private enterprise has to accept public responsibilities. Industry can no longer be regarded as private property but has to be recognised as a social until. We must acknowledge the social implications and obligation of an economic society'

He, therefore, advocated a path of compromise, a "middle-of-the-road" policy, so as to avoid the extremes of pure individualism and of full collectivism. Stating that subordination of economic pursuits to social ends was a reversion to our own ancient ideal of a synthesis between wealth and welfare, Mr. Mehta pleaded for a harnessing of the motive of economic betterment to social welfare and ethical ends.

CALL TO INDIA TO FIGHT THE WOLF AT THE DOOR

Boyd-Orr Stresses Britain's Example To Achieve Self-Sufficiency In Food

NEW DELHI, May 1. (API)—Lord Boyd-Orr, former F.A.O. Chief, who has concluded his fortnight's study of the Government of India's food plans told pressmen today that everything depended on how quickly those plans were put through.

He found that the Provincial Ministers of Agriculture, whom he met yesterday, were very eager to co-operate with the Government of India in their implementation of the plans. He was confident that if the people of India realised the gravity of the position and were willing to exert themselves, they could achieve self-sufficiency in food by 1951 and double food production in the next ten or fifteen years.

BRITAIN'S EXAMPLE

Britain in 1940, he said, was in the same position in which India was today. A "dig for victory" campaign was then lauched and every family in Britain grew part of its requirements. A similar campaign was needed in India and he was told that the Indian Government had that in mind.

IT CAN BE DONE

India, said Lord Boyd-Orr, had confounded her critics by establishing a stable Government in spite of all the difficulties of the last three years and this fact alone ought to give Government confidence to go on with their vast food schemes. It was of the utmost importance that India reached the target of self-sufficiency in food.

And if you reach it—I am confident you can—then you would have got the confidence and the experience for reaching the equally important long-range target for doubling production. Having won her freedom, India has got to throw herself into this drive for increased food production with the same enthusiasm and the same energy as she would if the enemy were at the gates. The enemy is at the gates—the enemy of hunger"

Lord Boyd-Orr is leaving this evening for Karachi, where he will stay overnight as the guest of the Pakistan Governor-General and then proceed to Washington. He will be back in Britain by the end of May.

ADDRESS TO PROVINCIAL MINISTERS

The target of four and a half million tons of increased food production in India by 1951 may well be exceeded, if all worked hard, said Lord Boyd-Orr former F.A.O. Chief addressing the Provincial Food and Agriculture Ministers here today.

He expressed the hope that within the next 10 or 15 years India would be able to double its production all round. This was not impossible, as India possessed great potential wealth.

Among those attending the conference which will continue tomorrow are the Agriculture Ministers of Madras, the U. P. Assam, Bombay, West Bengal, East Punjab, Mysore and PEPSU, the Food Ministers of Bombay, C.P. Bihar, East Punjab, Travancore, Cochin, PEPSU, Rajasthan, Mysore West Bengal, Saurashtra, Matsya, the Development Minister of Orissa and the Deputy Food Minister of Jammu and Kashmir. Delhi, Himachal Pradesh, Ajmer Merwara, Coorg, Bhopal and Hyderabad are represented by officials.

Indian Military Mission At West Point

WASHINGTON, April 30 (UPA).—The Indian Military Mission flew to the United States Military Academy at West Point, New York, today. The mission will return tonight. On Sunday they will fly to Detroit to inspect a military vehicle plant.

On Monday, H. M. Patel and other Mission members will confer with high Army officials and Assistant Secretary of State Dean Rusk.

MARRIAGEABLE GIRLS ON GOVERNMENT'S HANDS

MADRAS, May 1. (API)—Madras Government, are faced with the problem of about 2 girls of marriageable age belonging to the Government-managed Stri Sadana and the certified schools for destitute children. As the girls have completed their course of studies they are to be provided with suitable appointments or to be given away in marriage.

The Chief Inspector of Certified Schools, who is directly in charge of them, has called for applications from young men of position willing to marry them. The Chief Inspector stated today that more than 130 men had responded to the call, but the difficulty was that most of them were placed in distant centres like Bombay and Delhi. However the case of each applicant, he said, was being considered and full freedom had been given to the girls to accept or reject any suitor.

The Government were faced with this problem for the first time now as only last year the Government took over charge of the institutions.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, April 30

TREVIDER

From London: 30 cases bathing wooden seperators, 130 crts canned hewing rope, 400 loose steel motor wheels, 155 crts electric bulbs, 525 cases crown corks, 50 cases gumed rope, 91 sacks German Silver search, 60 bags fullers earth, 144 cases pharmaceutical preparation, 59 cases dry distemper, 56 cases silver nitrate valve, 31 cases embrocation, 35 ctns sanitary pads, 56 cases harmless medicines preparation, 149 cases malt extract, 128 ctns electric bulbs, 172 bags coppered steel sofa springs 160/150 ctns triceta crepe paper, 93 cases electric cables, 50 crts flourescent lamps, 154 bags tie hinges, 50 drums altramorine blue, 69 cases old steelfiles, 30 cases bottledbeer, 35 crts radio parts, 150 cases overtime biscuits, 146 drums printing ink, 384 drums dry colour, 1268 ctns writing ink 83 bales printing paper, 491 pkgs cod liver oil, 76 bags ghee, 133 bags amoniam chloride, 435 cases toilet cream 40 cases cycles, 250 cases hurricane lanterns, 72 ctns electric lamps 368 cases boot polish, 284 cases biscuits, 152 cases preservers, 50 ctns beer, 80 cases emulsion, 3500 cases bolor ammon geliguite, 200 cases polurblastic dynomitegel, 101 cases toilet preparation, 100 cases ginger, 240 ctns toys, 180 bags beigurcent, 70 ctns and raws liver salt, 75 cases preserves, 10 bags cement color, 57 cases harmless toilet preparation, 512 ctns boot polish, 88 ctns electric machinery, 77 cases coraciminilators, 931 ctns insecticide, 54 cases photo bores, 40 pkgs alume, 100 cases aloco, 40 ctns milk bottle discs, 359 bales leather, 50 cases hardware, 60 cases vinegar 200 ctns glass tinpresles, 700 ctns metel hand phrayers, 160 drums lubricating oil, 500 pkgs asbestos cement sheets, 90 cases motor vehicle spares, 66 loose wheels, 90 cases silver nitrate, 213 cases harmless medicine, 28 cases liquid ammonia, 219 drums brenthois, 198 bales news print paper, 500 cases condensed milk, 300 cases ox and cow chains.

From Rotterdam: 325 pkgs tinned fish, 100 cases cat flakes, 820 bags maize starch powder, 550 cases beer, 68 boxes glow lamps, 439 boxes philora lamps.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S.S. WARLA

To Colombo: 459 lse newtyres—Tyre and Rubber Co. of India Ltd. 20 cases Confectionery-Parle Producting Co. 500 drums linseed oil—New Mahaluxmi Oil Mills.

S.S. EXAMPLER

To New York: 100 bales cotton waste—The Bombay Textile Waste Co. 1043 bags myrabollams—R. Mansukhlal, 150 bales cotton waste—Chunilal and Co.

To Port Said: 17 cases castoroil—The Hind Trading Co.

S.S. CIRCASSIA

To Liverpool: 145 pkgs chrom cow upper leather—Cooper Alien and Co. 50 bales cotton waste—The Bombay Textile Waste Co.

S.S. NARAG

To Oslo: 238 drums castor oil—The Swastic Oil Mills Ltd.

To Coppenhagen: 10 drums castor oil—The Swastic Oil Mills Ltd.

To Gothenburg: 300 bales cotton waste—C. Jairam and Co. 315 bales cotton waste—Chunilal and Co.

To Hamburg: 100 bales cotton waste—M. Chandulal and Co.

S.S. KHANDALLA

To Mombassa: 25/75 bags cuminseed—J. Laxmichand and Co. 35 cases cotton hosiery—Thanna Trading Co. 15 bales cotton threads—M. Merelly and Co.

To Daresallam: 20 bags cuminseed—A. Merrally.

S.S. TAURINIA

To Port Sudan: 23 cases aluminiamware—Jeewanlal (1929) Ltd.

To Genoa: 118 bales cotton waste—A. S. (Manchester) Ltd.

S.S. DARA

To Kuwait: 52 pkgs wooden furniture—A. Yoosuf. 50 cases pickles—A. R. Bassam and Bros

To Beherin: 5 cases aluminiumware—Jeewanlal (1929) Ltd.

S.S. CARRICBEND

To Kobe: 170 bales hedefleshing—Biddle Sawyers and Co. (India) Ltd.

S.S. RAJPUT

To Rangoon: 90 cases aluminiumware—Kamini Engineering Corp. Ltd. 265 bags empty glass bottles—The United Glass Works.

S.S. LINDKERK

To Genoa: 17 bales cottonwaste—Volkart Bros.

To Gothenburg: 212 bales cottonwaste—Volkart Bros.

To Antwerp: 150 bales cotton waste—Volkart Bros.

S.S. BAMORA

To Karachi: 1661 bags asbestos cement sheets—Asbestos Cement Ltd.

S.S. HOUGH SILVER CREST

To Sydney: 275 drums linseed oil—National Paint and Industrial Works.

S.S. BHADRAVATI

To Karachi: 100 bales cotton waste—C. Jairam and Co

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, April 30.

ARRIVALS

"CANTON" from Hong Kong with 2,319 tons of general cargo on April 29 Agents: Mackinnen Mackenzie and Co.

S.S. "VIRGINIA MAY" from Karachi with 1,500 tons of general cargo on April 30 Agents: Messrs. Rameshwardas Pahladrai.

"ORIONE" from Portland Oregon (U.S.A.) with 9,000 tons of wheat on April 30. Agents: Turner Morrison and Co.

S.S. "SOUTHMOOR" from Houston (U.S.A.) with 4,000 tons of general cargo on April 30. Agents: Volkart Bros.

"HERBORG" from Antwerp with 8,000 tons of general cargo on April 30. Agents: The Bombay Co.

DEPARTURES

"SHELBURNE COUNTY" for Bhavanagar with 4,600 tons of wheat on April 29.

"CITY OF NEWPORT" for Karachi with 4,800 tons of general cargo on April 29

"CANTON" for London with 2,300 tons of general cargo on April 29.

"M. S. HEMLAND" for Manila in ballast on April 29.

"MERWEDE" for Calcutta with 3,000 tons of general cargo on April 29.

"RAILA" for Abadan in ballast on April 29.

"UNION MARINER" for Karachi in ballast on April 30.

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under Agency of Messrs. Volkart Brothers:—

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY

From U.S. Pacific Coast: s.s. "Silverguava" Due 8th May, s.s. "Samarinda" Due 16th May, s.s. "Silverash" Due 29th May

From U.S. Atlantic Coast: s.s. "Bantam" Due 12th May, s.s. "Talisse" Due 18th May.

From Rotterdam/Antwerp: s.s. "Lekkerkerk" Due 15th May, s.s. 'Lemsterkerk Due 30th May

From Persian Gulf via Karachi: s.s. "Lindekerk" Due 2nd May, s.s. "Elizabeth Bakke" Due 24th May, s.s. "Manoeran" Due 30th May, s.s. "Hoegh Silverspray" Due 3rd June, s.s. "Hoegh Silvermoon" Due 17th June.

From Italy: s.s 'Sparta' Due 9th May, s.s. "Carbonello" Due 7th May, s.s. "Tripolitania" Due 24th May.

From Australia: s.s. "Hoegh Silverstar" Due 10th May

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY

For Calcutta via Colombo: s.s. "Norbryn" Sails 12th May, s.s. "Silverguava" Sails 18th May, s.s. "Lekkerkerk" Sails 29th May, s.s. "Silverash" Sails 6th June, s.s. "Lemsterkerk" Sails 14th June.

For U.S Pacific Coast: s.s. "Manoeran" Sails 9th June, s.s. "Hoegh Silverspray" Sails 10th June

For Italy: s.s. "Sparta" Sails 17th May, s.s. "Carbonello" Sails 15th May, s.s. "Tripolitania" Sails 28th May.

For Persian Gulf via Karachi: s.s. "Samarinda" Sails 30th May.

For Australia: s.s. "Hoegh Silvercrest" Sails 1st May, s.s "Elizabeth Bakke" Sails 28th May, s.s. "Hoegh Silvermoon" Sails 30th June.

For U.S. Atlantic Coast: s.s. "Hoegh Silverstar" Sails 18th May.

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports: s.s. "Lindekerk" Sails 8th May.

DYES AND CHEMICALS

(From: Chatrabhuj K. Mavji)

BOMBAY, April 29.

SAPTHOLS	
Sapthols CAS	7/4
Sapthols CBO	14/4
Sapthols CSW	13/-
Sapthols CBS	11/8
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base	7/6
" " CKR "	9/8
"Red CB	10/8
" " CKCR	9/8
" Carnet CKGBC Base	2/15
" Yellow CGC "	7/4
" Corinth CB Base	5/10
" Orange CGC Base	3/6
" Orange CKCR Base	7/4
"Bordeaux CGP Base	10/-
" Scarlet CKR Salt	4/12
" Sarlet C.K.R. Salt	2/10
" Blue CB Base	3/8
DIRECT COLOURS	
Direct Black Extra	3/4
" Green Extra	4/-
" Violet Extra	5/4
" Yellow 4CL	11/12
" Sky Blue Extra	7/-
" Rubin	5/-
" Orange Extra	6/8
" Brown	4/8
Diazo Black Extra	3/10
Chrysophenine Extra	9/12
Benzopurpurine 4B	3/12
Congo Red Extra	3/14
Tarquoise Blue G	11/-
SULPHUR Colours	
Sulphur Black 692	1/10
Sulphur Black 992	1/5
Sulphur Black HK Grains	1/5
Alizarine 20 p.c. Paste	140/-
Alizarine 100 p.c. Powder	8/-
CHEMICALS	
Hydrosulphate of Soda	10/-
Bisulphite of Soda	45/-
Turkey Red Oil	45/-
Monopol Napthol Soap	483/-
Soda Bicarb	19/-
Saitric Acid	135/-
Soda Ash Light USA	15/-
Ammonia Bycarb Powder	45/-
Ammonia Chloride	35/-
White Sugar of Lead	105/-
Brown Sugar of Lead	95/-
Tri Sodium Phosphate	55/-
Bleaching Powder	18/-
Mthylene Blue Extra	5/-
Metanil Yellow Elephant	2/8
Metanil Yellow Extra	4/8
Methyl Violet Lumps	4/-
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps	7/-
Magenta Extra O	8/4
Diamond Green	8/-
Bismark Brown Extra	3/4
Malachite Green Crys.	5/4
Chrysodine Extra	4/-
Auramine Extra	5/4
Acid Orange Extra	2/2
Soap Green	18/-
Acid Scarlet	4/-
Rhodamine B Extra 500 p.c.	118/-
Kumkum Scarlet	5/-
VAT FAST DYES	
Vat Blue GCD Powder	38/-
Vat Blue RSN Powder	35/-
Vat Dark Blue BO	24/-
Vat Brilliant Green B 900	35/-
Vat Olive Green B Powder	20/-
Brilliant Green B 2100 Powder	85/-
Vat Gray Powder	20/-
Vat Brown	20/-
Vat Magneta B Powder	40/-
Vat Yellow 5G	15/-
Vat Violet 2R and 4R Power	60/-
PRINTING Colours	
Printosol CO	16/-
Printosol CO4B	14/-
Golden Yellow	60/-
Printosol Green Paste	36/-
Rapid Red	18/-
Orange	18/-
Yellow	18/-
Indigo 60 p.c. Grains (American)	3/12
Indigo 60 p.c. Grains 1 lb. pkg.	428
CHEMICALS	
Sodium Sulphide American	32/8
Sodium Sulphide Indian Small	38/-
Sulphite of Alumina (Pure)	16/-
Aniline Salt	0/14/-
Bichromate of Potash	150/-
Caustic Soda 1 lb. pkg.	0/6/-
Caustic Soda 450 lbs. pkg	25/-
Acetic Acid	0/13/6
Formal De Hyde	0/6/-
Zinc Dust	75/-
Borax Crys	25/
Nitrite of Soda	40/-

LACK OF FUNDS FOR NATION'S SCHEMES

Matthai Advocates Savings Movement For Economic Uplift

POONA, April 30 (API).—Dr. John Matthai, Minister of Finance, Government of India said here today the most difficult aspect in the financial structure of the country was that there was a lack of funds upon which they could draw for promoting agricultural and industrial development. There was a great future before the Savings Movement in the country, he said, adding that it was possible for them through the movement to make a very perceptible contribution to the resources for economic development of the country.

Dr. Matthai was inaugurating the National Savings' Day at the National Savings Project Exhibition.

Rajasthan Public Services Commission

JAIPUR, April 30. (API)—Sir Saratkumar Ghosh, Chief Justice, Jaipur, and Pandit Devishankar Tiwari former Education Minister, Jaipur, have been appointed Chairman and member respectively of the Rajasthan Public Service Commission. The first meeting of the Commission was held this morning in the Chamber of Chief Justice.

EAST-WEST BENGAL PREMIERS CONFER

Outstanding Claims Discussed

CALCUTTA, April 30 (API): The Premiers of West Bengal and East Bengal Dr. B. C. Roy and Mr. Nurul Amin, met in conference in Calcutta today to consider the question of the outstanding obligations of undivided Bengal. Claims in respect of these obligations are outstanding before the Applications Committee set up by the two Governments.

A joint press note issued after the conference stated that it was decided today that while the last Inter-Dominion Agreement and the decision arrived at in November 1948 in New Delhi should not be deviated from, in the implementation of those decisions the Applications Committee should complete examination of all pending bills before 31st July, 1949. An agreed procedure was also decided upon for early payment of all such claims as soon as possible thereafter.

The Inter-Dominion Agreement and the November 1948 decision had laid down that all claims in respect of undivided Bengal's obligations which had been passed by the Applications Committee should be paid immediately. Other claims should be disposed of within a period of four months.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

BARODA MERGES WITH BOMBAY

Special Commissioner Takes Over Administration

INTEGRATION WILL PROMOTE STATE'S WELL-BEING, ASSURES KHER

Baroda, May 1, (A.P.I.): Baroda State, the third premier princely State in India merged with Bombay province today.

The Administration of Baroda Order, published in a Gazette Extraordinary of the Bombay Government replaced the Government of Baroda Act with effect from today.

The Indian Union tri-colour flag was flown over the Government buildings in the place of the State flag at zero hour.

DEHEJIA TAKES OVER ADMINISTRATION

MR. V. T. DEHEJIA, SPECIAL COMMISSIONER, TOOK OVER CHARGE OF THE STATE ADMINISTRATION FROM DR. JIVRAJ MEHTA, THE BARODA PRIME MINISTER. MR. DEHEJIA WILL BE IN CHARGE TILL THE STATE BECOMES A COMPLETE NORMAL UNIT OF THE BOMBAY PROVINCE.

Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier of Bombay who arrived in the State capital this morning, was received at the station by Dr. Jivraj Mehta, members of the former Baroda Cabinet, Jagirdars, Sardars and other distinguished persons of the State.

Mr. Jagjivandas Narainji Mehta, garlanded the Bombay Premier on arrivals.

Kher Takes Salute

The Premier then took salute from a guard of honour presented by the Baroda State Military force.

Mr. Kher, addressing the State's militia and police force assembled at the Maharaja Pratapsinha Coronation Gymkhana, said that he had every confidence that the Baroda State Forces would maintain the high reputation earned in the Burma Campaign of the Second World War and make their services felt in the wider field of India into which they were now merging.

Mr. Kher said: "India has taken on new responsibilities" and her great mission now was "to liberate the oppressed people of Asia" in fulfilling that mission, he added. The people of Baroda should serve India with the same zeal and loyalty with which they had served the State in the past.

Mr. Kher said that the Asian nations were looking to India for help and leadership in their hour of trial and difficulties. Indonesia, Burma and many other countries of Asia were coming to ask India's help, and "India will not fail them," he said.

The military and police parade was drawn up in three ranks in lines of close columns of companies facing west, the army on the right, the police on the left and massed bands of units in the centre.

The Bombay Premier, the Special Commissioner and Dr. Jivraj Mehta arrived at 8 a.m. sharp. After the Premier had taken up his position on the dais, the troops marched past the national flag and presented arms, the band playing the national anthem, "Jana Gana Mana." Later the Premier went round inspecting the troops.

Mr. V. P Menon and Mr. N. M. Buch, Adviser and Secretary respectively to the States Ministry, arrived here from Delhi by air this morning and were present at the parade.

After the parade, Mr. Kher granted interviews at the Secretariat to Jagirdars, Sirdars, prominent Congress workers and citizens of Baroda.

had been singularly free from communal disorders and had set a good example of peace, amity and goodwill to the rest of the country. Another noteworthy feature, he said, had been that the electorates in the State had been joint and not communal. "With such proud record, the people of Baroda State can confidently look forward to a glorious future under a responsible and democratic Government in the new set up," Mr. Kher said.

ASSURANCE TO SERVICES

On behalf of the Government of Bombay, Mr. Kher assured the members of the Public services in Baroda State that they would as far as possible be absorbed in the service of Bombay Government on terms and conditions which would be not less advantageous than those under which they were serving in Baroda State. He invited his Highness the Maharaja, the Civil Services and the people of the State to co-operate with the Government in carrying on the administration "in accordance with the highest standards."

"Although the administration of Baroda State was progressive and the State had a complete Statute Book of its own, the administration and the laws differed in some respects from those of Bombay Province. The Bombay Government therefore felt that a complete merger of Baroda State with Bombay Province today would cause considerable dislocation in the existing administrative arrangements in the State. Government of India, in consultation with the Bombay Government, has, therefore, decided to take over the administration temporarily under the extra-provincial jurisdiction act."

"It is proposed to remove the differences as early as possible so that the administrative set up of Baroda State will be similar to that of the adjecent districts of Bombay Province and when such arrangements are completed, steps will be taken to merge Baroda State completely into Bombay Province by forming districts out of the State territory with necessary adjustments," he said.

Mr. Kher declared that it was the intention of the Government to associate the people of the state with the administration of Bombay province by giving them at an early date, adequate representation in the provincial legislature.

"Let us sink all our differences and keeping before us the shining example of Mahatma Gandhi, the Father of the Nation, march together in peace and love towards our common goal of building up a new India where illiteracy, illhealth and poverty will be banished and where all distinction based on birth, relief or wealth will be eliminated," the Premier concluded.

The Premier announced, that Government had decided to declare Monday as a public holiday throughout the State and to give permission of sentence to prisoners of certain categories to commemorate the merger of Baroda.

CONSUMMATION OF SARDAR'S WORK

The integration of Baroda State, which was the largest and most important unit of administration in Gujerat, with Bombay Province had been made in accordance with the wishes of His Highness the Maharajah of Baroda and the people of the State Mr. B. G. Kher, declared today.

Mr. Kher was inaugurating the integration of Baroda State with Bombay province at Baroda. He said that though the integration would immediately give rise to certain problems causing inconvenience and hardship to many people, there could be no doubt that in years to come, it was bound to promote the well-being of all the people in the state.

Mr. Kher recalled his visit to Kolhapur two months ago, on a similar mission and said "today will be a memorable day not only in the history of Baroda State, but in that of Bombay province also, for it marks the consummation of the work of unification begun some 20 months ago by the great, wise and farsighted statesman, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, so far as the states in Gujerat are concerned.

TRIBUTE TO SAYAJI RAO

The Premier paid tributes to the past Rulers of Baroda and particularly to Sayaji Rao the third who, he said, was probably the ablest, most sagacious and farsighted among the rulers of States in India during the last 100 years.

"Throughout his life he looked forward to a larger ideal—the ideal of an Indian nation which should be strong and self-respecting and equipped with all that makes a nation great, so that India could take her rightful place in the modern world as she did in the ancient. Today, his dream has been fulfilled and I am sure that had he been alive, his eyes would have been filled with tears of joy to see a strong, united and independent India remaining closely connected with the Commonwealth as a Republic and winning the respect and esteem of other nations of the world."

The superstructure built by Sayaji Rao was further consolidated by the present Ruler after he succeeded his grandfather the Premier said. He added "it redounds great credit to His Highness the Maharaja of Baroda that he was the first Indian Ruler to accede to the Dominion of India and to set a worthy example to the princely order."

UNCOMMON SACRIFICE

Mr. Kher described the renouncement of rulership by His Highness as "an act of uncommon sacrifice and courage and of great vision which will enable peoples between whom social, cultural and historical ties have existed for centuries, to come closer together and work with increasing strength and without any barriers, for the common good of all the peoples."

Mr. Kher congratulated His Highness on the "momentous step" he had taken and said: "I take this opportunity of giving an assurance on behalf of the Government that the terms of the agreement executed by him will be fully implemented and that the great part played by him in facilitating the consolidation and integration of our country and the remarkable sacrifice made by him will not be forgotten." He also congratulated the people of Baroda State for the wise decision taken by them in obliterating their separate identity and in merging their lot with that of the people of Bombay Province.

MR. KHER SAID THAT THE PEOPLE OF BARODA WOULD NOW BECOME FULL CITIZENS OF THE INDIAN UNION AND WOULD SHARE WITH THEIR FELLOW CITIZENS THE DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF CITIZENSHIP OF THIS COUNTRY.

The Premier observed that the State

'MODE OF MERGER NOT COMPLETE YET'

Kher On Constitutional Issue Of Baroda's Link With Bombay

BARODA, May 1 (API).—Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, addressing a press conference this afternoon said the Bombay Government had to modify their original plan and take over Baroda temporarily under the Extra-Provincial Jurisdiction Act, because of the immensity of the problems incidental to the merger.

Only when the Bombay Government took over Baroda under the Constitution Act would the process of merger attain completion, he added.

On the question of linguistic provinces, he said, it was for the Linguistic Provinces Committee of the A.I.C.C. to take decisions. It was for the representatives of people of the areas forming a linguistic province to sit together and adjust their differences. A Government with three or four linguistic units in it could have no say in it. He would stress, however, that any linguistic province formed should unify the people and not divide them.

ADMINISTRATIVE SEAT FOR NORTH GUJERAT

Mr. Kher said Baroda would not be made the administrative headquarters of Northern Gujerat. If Mahagujerat was formed, then the administrative headquarters for that province would be selected deliberately after proper intimation to the people, discussion and after eliciting public opinion.

Mr. Kher did not agree that Bombay lagged behind Baroda whether in respect of social, agrarian or other legislation. He said the people of Baroda had now identity of interest with the people of Bombay and both would give of their best to each other.

UNIVERSITY BILL NOT TO BE SCRAPPED

Asked whether the Bombay Government would implement the Baroda University Bill which had been passed by the Baroda Dhara Sabha, Mr. Kher replied: "Definitely yes. We do not want that any region should be at a disadvantage. I may tell you that the Baroda University was thought of and we (Dr. Jivraj Mehta and myself) had discussed its formation even before the University Bill was brought up before the State Legislature. We are not going to scrap it."

"At this very time, the whole of Gujerat is suffering from the calamity of famine. A great part of Baroda has fallen a prey to this terrible calamity and the burden of dealing with it fell on Dr. Jivraj. The people of Baroda are fully conscious of the skill and energy with which he is attending to this work. The need of his advice and help will still be there for some time more after the merger, and appropriate arrangements will accordingly be made to secure these.

CALL TO PEOPLE

"Baroda State has been considered progressive in certain directions. It is also backward in others. The people of Baroda should not be afraid if they have to undergo some difficulties for the present on account of this merger. If the people will make the right use of their appropriate share in the Bombay Legislative Assembly and in the administration of the Province, they will make good progress. Moreover, I have not the slightest doubt about the success of this great event, because Shri Balasaheb Kher, the Prime Minister of Bombay, on whom lies the responsibility for good or for evil of the whole Province, and of whose just, honest and efficient administration everyone is convinced, has come to grace the occasion and to bless you".

Stalin Reviews May Day Moscow

VASSILLEVSKY'S CALL TO SOVIET ARMED FORCES TO BE VIGILANT

MOSCOW, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): The Indian charge d'Affairs Mr. Rajeshwar Dayal, and Mrs. Dayal were among the diplomats of many nations who watched Marshal Stalin today reviewing a May Day parade of over 1,000,000 people in the Red Square in Moscow.

Marshal Stalin stood for several hours on the top of Lenin's mouloleum in brilliant sunshine while the parade took several hours to pass.

The theme of this year's demonstration, repeated in slogans throughout the city and banner by demonstrators, was that the Red army would never be used for aggression. Immense streamers on Moscow buildings declared these would only serve to defend peace and that the plans of warmongers were doomed to failure.

CALL TO SOVIET ARMY

Marshal Vassillevsky, in a Marshal's fulldress uniform of deep green, his chest glittering with medals, read the order of the day from the Tribune set up on top of Lenin's tomb.

"While engaged in the building of Communism, the Soviet people must never forget the danger of a new war which ruling circles of the United States of America want to unleash", the order said.

It described the North Atlantic pact as a serious threat to peace, and called on the Soviet armed forces to stand vigilantly on guard.

Detachments of army, Navy and airforce marched through the Square for an hour and forty minutes before the never-ending columns of civilian demonstrators, representing every aspect of Soviet life, passed through.

Marshal Stalin's son, Major-General Vassily Stalin, led the air parade over the square, which included many jet aircrafts.

The great crowd applauded as Stalin, looking most fit in his Marshal's uniform, smartly mounted the steps of the tomb leading up the reviewing stand.

He acknowledged the greeting with a smile and raised arms to a salute.

MAY DAY CLASHES IN LONDON

LONDON, May 1, (PTI-Reuter): Banners were torn down, shouts and boos exchanged and blows struck when Communist demonstrators tried to march to join the London Trades Council May Day rally in Tratalgar Square.

Police raced to intercept the marchers as they appeared from a side street, but a hostile section of the crowd attacked them first.

All political marches and processions have been banned in London by the Government after clashes between Fascists and Communists in the East End and the May Day demonstrators were also refused permission to use their usual meeting place in Hyde Park.

ATTLEE ON COLLECTIVE SECURITY

NORWICH, May 1, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Clement Attlee, Prime Minister of Britain, told a May Day demonstration here today that freedom could only be secured in an organised society "where the blind economic forces are controlled in the interest of all".

"What we are building up here at home is collective security, just as, in the world of economic relations, we seek to build up peace by collective security against any would-be aggressor", the Premier added.

TRIBUTES TO LABOUR GOVERNMENT

GREENOCK (Scotland), May 1, (PTI-Reuter): Sir Hartley Shawcross, Britain's Attorney-General in a May-Day speech here today said the British Empire and Commonwealth had "never been a more living reality than it is today".

It was wholly false that the present Government were liquidating the British Empire.

"Certainly we are liquidating the bad features of our old Empire system, and only just in time to prevent its complete collapse.

"Instead, we are intending to lead colonial territories forward so that in time they too may be able to enjoy the economic, social and political standards of the great independent nations of the Commonweath".

BERLIN POLICE DISPERSE DEMONSTRATORS

BERLIN, May 1, (PTI-Reuter): West-sector German police, using truncheons, dispersed this morning demonstrators who tried to March through the American sector of Berlin to a May Day demonstration organised by the Soviet-sponsored free German Trade Union Movement in the Soviet sector of the city.

A police official said the clash occurred at Kreuzberg when the crowd refused to disperse.

A number of people were injured and several more were detained.

By order of the American Military Government, only members of the anti-Communist Independent Trade Union, were given permission to march through the American sector today.

PARIS UNUSUALLY QUIET

PARIS, May 1, (PTI-Reuter): Paris was unusually quiet this morning, with labour day strikes keeping buses and most taxis off the roads.

Theatres were giving no afternoon shows, the Sunday weeklies did not come out and garbage tins were full because of a street cleaners strike.

The metro workers kept the underground trains working but many Parisians decided to stay at home at least until the start of the May Day parades, due later today.

POLICE PRECAUTIONS IN DURBAN

DURBAN, May 1 (PTI-Reuter).—Heavily armed police patrols were patrolling Durban's streets today to guard against possible May Day demonstrations.

Justice Minister, C. R. Swart, has banned meetings planned by Communists and coloured workers who claim to represent dock workers.

The local Police Commandant stated that police would intervene if any attempts were made to prevent workers going to work tomorrow.

TRADE UNIONISTS SUPPORT GOVERNMENT

SINGAPORE, May 1 (PTI-Reuter).—While a column of armoured cars rumbled through the main streets of Singapore today accredited representatives of 33 Trade Unions pledged their "full-hearted support to the Government in its efforts to stamp out banditary."

The meeting described itself as "a gesture of defiance against former leaders who used previous May Day's as planks in their platform to stir up anarchy to embarrass the Government."

This was the only noteworthy feature of a very quiet and incident-free May Day here.

CALCUTTA INCIDENTS

CALCUTTA, May 1 (API).—The Police used tear gas this evening to disperse a procession in Central Calcutta taken out in defiance of orders under section 144 Cr.P.C. in force in the city.

A meeting was held in the Indian Association Hall under the auspices of the Bengal Provincial Trade Union Congress to observe May Day and to protest against the recent police firing in Calcutta. After the meeting a section of the gathering formed into a procession and came out on Bow Bazar Street. When the police intercepted it, bombs are reported to have been hurled at a police van. The police then used tear gas to disperse the crowd. No one is reported to have been injured in the incident.

Celebrations Abroad

LONDON, May 1 (PTI-Reuter).—Trade Unionists and workers throughout the world today celebrated the traditional festival of May Day with demonstrations, marches and speeches.

Throughout Eastern Europe, Government leaders reviewed parades.

In Moscow, Marshal Stalin stood for several hours on top of Lenin's tomb in the Red Square with Soviet Communist leaders as more than a million people marched through, Reuter reported from the Soviet capital.

About 200,000 took part in the May-Day demonstrations in Prague, when President Gottwald reviewed a military and civilian parade, according to a despatch from Prague.

Reports from Berlin said that west-sector German police using truncheons this morning dispersed demonstrators who tried to march through the American sector to a May Day demonstration in the Soviet sector.

A number of people were injured and several more detained.

In the Soviet sector thousands of demonstrators gathered in freedom square in front of the old German Imperial Palace.

They heard speeches from the zone's political leaders.

IN BUDAPEST

In Budapest there was a two-hour march past of infantry, cavalry, tanks and artillery which preceded a May Day parade of 500,000 Hungarian workers and their families.

In Cyprus, about 13,000 organised workers observed May Day with parades. They carried slogans proclaiming "long democracy, peace, the Greek rebels and Union with Greece."

SARDAR PATEL GREETS GAEKWAD

Call To People To Play Their Part In New Set-Up

NEW DELHI, May 1 (API).—The Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, today congratulated the Maharaja and people of Baroda on the merger of the State with Bombay.

Sardar Patel in a message said:

"The occasion of the merger of the Baroda State with the province of Bombay is one of great importance in the history of India. I congratulate His Highness the Maharaja of Baroda and the people of the State on the smoothness. Anyone who looks at this great historical event with a narrow vision and concentrates on the immediate small or big gains or losses, cannot measure its true worth. The future historian alone will be able to assess its real value.

The eyes of a few who are making ridiculous attempts to prevent this merger, like the fool who tried to empty the water of the ocean by spoonfuls, turn to the Baroda court. Some, who have always hated the popular will, are now talking of eliciting public opinion by a plebiscite. The Praja Mandal and the Legislative Assembly have approved this decision of merger.

"I have been the President of the Baroda State Praja Mandal for a number of years and even now the Praja Mandal takes my advice on every important issue. I would have never advised in favour of the merger if I had the slightest doubt about the popular will. The Praja Mandal and members of the Legislative Assembly deserve congratulations on this decision. Geographically, if there is any State, which is most suited for merger with adjacent territory, it is Baroda. The difficulties created by diverse administrative machineries, between village and village, taluka and taluka and district and district, are nowhere more apparent than in this area. All these obstacles will be wiped out from today and the people would have the good fortune to enjoy the benefits of comforts, conveniences and amenities available under a single administration.

TRIBUTE TO JIVRAJ

"The main work for which Dr. Jivraj was sent there is now nearing completion. The people of Baroda cannot adequately thank him for the ability, enthusiasm and industry which he has displayed in completing the task so successfully.

Mixed Grill

It is now a month since this feature was started. By all the rules of the game, accepted, proclaimed and confirmed, by Column-writers ever since column-writing started, there should have been a fan mail. But there has been none.

Do not rush to the conclusion that this column has remained unread or has produced no effect. Actually the inter-planetary disturbances caused by my thundering, have resulted in the earth shifting from its axis about a quarter of an inch. I say, about, because our office foot rule has not the suitable markings to make more accurate measurements. It is also true that Authority entrenched in seats of power has—if I may slightly mix my metaphors—shaken in its shoes. But by some strange coincidence nobody, not even one of those people slightly off their nuts who usually send abusive letters to newspaper offices, has cared to take notice of this new phenomenon on the journalistic horizon.

But as a good columnist and true, I cannot tolerate this departure from tradition, this flouting of accepted practice. It is the inherent and inalienable right of a columnist that he should get fan mail. In fact his column is and should be written by his fans, more than half the time. Therefore I decided to make up for this failure by doing some letters from myself to myself, placing myself in the shoes of my admirers—that is, if they have any shoes which I could put my foot into.

Well, you know how week-ends are, these dull, dry and dreary days. No bars to do ourselves fine. No races to stimulate our dying ardour. So that, with time hanging on my hands, I kept clicking the keys of my machine, till a whole pile of fan mail got accumulated on my table.

I have no intention, however, of letting you have a peep into the whole precious lot. I will only give you some samples.

"Dear Sir, wrote one of my greatest admirers, 'Ha, ho, you are IT.' Now I just cannot translate the eloquent piece into more sober prose. All the dictionaries I have consulted go round and round the subject trying to convey all the significance with which that wonder word is surchaged, but none of them has found a synonym equal in weight and force to that simple word.

"I have read all you have written", writes another admirer. "Your pronouncements on the future of Bohra beards and on the meaning of being broke have enchanted me. Your exposition of the economies of prohibition have been like a dazzling burst of light in the surrounding gloom which, (the light not the gloom) has actually blinded two friends of mine. I have been thrilled to read your account of the vagaries of the loud-speakers and the opinions of Communists. But I still want more. You cannot give me enough. Each morning I wait for the paper. I can miss my morning tea, but not the Mixed Grill; and when I am on it, not even the nagging wife or the howling baby can draw me away from it. Oh, you great India rubber, give us more."

A third letter which I pick up at random is couched in a different vein. "Oh, dear Grumbler" says the obviously fair writer, "it is wonderful. It is exquisite, simply ex-q-u-i-site. Tra,la,la. How do you do it? Please, please, grumbler, tell us. I must see you....."

The rest of the letter is too personal to be shared with the millions upon billions of men, women, and children on this earth as well as from Mars and the Moon who read this column. That would be too indelicately public.

Grumbler

P.S. For the information of the editor of an overbright and noisy weekly, I must notify, that in the words of Artemus Ward, the above is "rit sarkastik". Otherwise the results may be serious. The next issue of the journal might carry a thundering piece signed by the said editor on its front page calling upon the government or governments to attend forthwith the grave danger arising from the slow slipping of the earth from its axis; and if they could not handle the job to quit and make room for....you know who.

SEVERE STORM SWEEPS DACCA

Several Roofs Blown Off But No Casulties

DACCA, April 30, (PTI-Reuter): A large number of trees were uprooted and the roofs of many "kutcha" structures blown away by a severe storm that swept Dacca this afternoon. This was the culmination of a fortnight marked by heavy gales blowing almost daily, as a result of which many low-lying areas have been flooded.

The roofs of a number of sheds in Plassey and Nilkhet barracks, where Government employees are housed, were blown away in the storm. Two long sheds completely toppled down. The only casualty, however, was one boy injured, and other inmates of the sheds, including women and children, had miraculous escape.

Many roads were blocked by the fallen trees especially in Ramna area. These were, however, cleared soon.

MUTT AND JEFF—Well Anyway, Jeff Is Musically Inclined

By BUD FISHER

SO YOU WANT TO SELL THIS VIOLIN! IT HAS NO STRINGS!
YEH! I MADE A DEAL WITH MY NEIGHBOR!
WHAT KIND OF A DEAL?
HE OFFERED ME FIVE DOLLARS A STRING TO STOP PLAYING THE VIOLIN!
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS BOUGHT & SOLD
SO I STOPPED! NOW I WANNA SELL THE VIOLIN!
WELL, I'LL GIVE YOU TEN DOLLARS FOR IT!
O.K., SOLD!
NOW, WHAT'VE YOU GOT IN A CHEAP HARP?
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS BOUGHT & SOLD
Fisher

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